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PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

EUROPE.

POOR PARIS.

Revolting Sight.

AWFUL MASSACRE.

An Epidemic Feared.

GENERAL BAZAINE VINDICATED.

Death to Victor Hugo.

A TRIUMPHAL RETURN.

A Coup d'Etat Expected.

FRANCE.

IN PARIS.

PARIS, Monday Evening, May 29.—All is quiet. The victorious troops occupy the barracks. There is already a strong feeling that the Paris Government is too weak to last.

AWFUL MASSACRE.

An awful massacre still continues at the barricades in Rue Rochefort. The wounded people found in it were buried alive. They groaned and shrieked dreadfully all night.

AN EPIDEMIC FEARED.

An epidemic is feared from the number of dead bodies.

SHOT.

Vidal was shot, so was Furehead. The body of the latter was claimed by his widow. Forty thousand francs were found in his cellar, the spoils of the Republic.

WELL PROVIDED FOR.

A northern member of the Commune was arrested and one hundred and fifty thousand francs found upon him.

A STATUE REPLACED.

The Versaillists have placed back the statue of Henry Quatre, which had been thrown in the Seine.

TAKING THE LEADERS.

Okolofski was taken out and shot. Milliere was arrested at Luxemburg. He resisted violently, and fired a shot from his revolver. He was taken to Paris by a platoon of soldiers and shot.

VERSAILLISTS ARRESTED.

During an attack by the Versaillists upon the barricades in the Place des Febrnum the Versaillists took their way and got mixed up with the Communists, by whom they were taked prisoners, and fifty of them shot.

BAZAINE VINDICATED.

VERSAILLES, May 31.—At a sitting of the Assembly on Monday, Changarnier spoke about Metz, and defending Bazaine called him an illustrious warrior.

THE ORLEANS PRINCES.

The Duke Audipret Pasquer proposed the admittance of the Orleans Princes into the Assembly. M. Picard replied that he would be happy to consider the subject.

TRIUMPHAL RETURN.

Clinchamp's corps of twenty thousand men have returned to Versailles with twenty-six hundred six thousand prisoners, who were discovered to be of the insurgents who murdered nine Dominican priests of Arguel.

RESIGNED.

LONDON, May 31.—The *Times* special from Versailles says Ernest Picard has resigned from the Ministry of the Interior, and is succeeded therein by Victor De Franc.

A FUSION MANIFESTO.

The *Monde* announces that Prince De Joinville and Duke D'Aumale have proclaimed their adherence to the manifesto of Count De Chambord, and the reunion of the Bourbons and Orleanists is complete.

ROCHEFORT CONDEMNED.

The *Daily News'* special says that Rochefort has certainly been condemned.

AMBASSADOR.

Gen. Lefto goes to St. Petersburg as Ambassador from France. He is succeeded as Minister of War by General Cissey.

NOT TO RESIGN.

M. Picard has been appointed Governor of the Bank of France.

"DEATH OF HUGO."

Francois Hugo writes a letter to the *Independence Belge* giving the details of an attack upon his father's house in Brussels, and asserting that the mob cried "Death to Hugo." The *Belge* disapproved of the expulsion of Hugo from Belgium.

THE NEW ARCHBISHOP.

VERSAILLES, May 31.—The Bishop of Orleans, M. Dupanloup, will be the successor of M. Darbey, Archbishop of Paris.

FOUR COMMONS.

Marshal M'Mahon in a proclamation just issued, will divide into four commands, viz: East, North, Centre and South. Gen. Vinoy is appointed commander of the East. General Douai to the North, General Donai to the Centre, and General Cissey to the South. Civil power is restored to the military, and no ingress or egress from the city will be permitted.

ESCAPED.

It is reported that Pyat has escaped from Paris.

A MILLION AND A HALF.

A million and a half of francs were found upon the person of M. Matthieu, an officer of the Commune, who was captured by the Versailles troops.

The corpse of a member of the Commune, M. Varlin, was searched and upon it was discovered money to the amount of 400,000 francs.

IMPERIALISM.

The adherents of Duke Aumale and the Bonapartists are both very active in their schemes for the restoration of the Bourbon and Napoleonic dynasties.

TO REPORT.

All foreigners in Paris are required to report their names and addresses to the headquarters of the army.

UNSCURNED.

There are still a great number of unburned corpses in Belleville.

ENGLISH INSURGENTS.

It is said that many of the Paris insurgents were Englishmen. They received pensions from bitterness towards England on the part of the French people.

APPREHENSION.

Some apprehension is felt that the walls of the Tuileries and Louvre, Ville will fall.

CLUSERET.

It is said that General Cluseret has been executed.

WHOLESALE EXECUTION.

The court martial has ordered the use of mitrailleuses in case of wholesale execution.

HULKS.

Several war ships at Cherbourg have been transformed into hulks for the imprisonment of the captured insurgents.

[Special to N. Y. World.]

TAKING THE LOAN PRICE.

LONDON, May 31.—To-day Paris advices say that executions continue. Persons denounced as soon as they are discovered in their hiding places, are arrested and shot. Numerous arrests of men and women continue to be made. The prisons have been filled attempts at assassination and arson. Many of those executed yesterday and to-day seemed to be perfect fiends. A Citizen Calvin from the body of the dead fills certain quarters of the city.

A COUP D'ETAT.

There are abundant signs of a speedy coup d'etat in the Assembly, to depose Thiers and summon the Count de Chambord to the throne of France.

NEWSPAPERS.

VERSAILLES, May 31—Evening.—The publication and circulation of newspapers in the Department of the Seine are made subject to special authorization by Marshal MacMahon, M. Picard and General Ledlo, who will soon retire from the Ministry. It is not known who will succeed them. Paris will remain for some time yet under military jurisdiction, but communication with the city is unrestricted, and entrance and exit are free to all.

PRISONERS.

It is said the prisoners now in the hands of the government exceed 40,000.

REVOLTING.

PARIS, May 31.—A most revolting sight occurred this morning on the Plaza, in front of the Hotel de Ville. Twenty-three Communists, among whom were seven women, were shot in a body by a company of soldiers, around the sides of a square. Troops to the number of 1,500 were drawn up under command of Colonel Guizot. At eight o'clock the prisoners, who had been confined in coal cellars in the back portion of the lodge in the Hotel de Ville, were brought out, some hands tied behind their backs, and then marched out by the main gateway through a double file of soldiers, and having reached the centre of the wide area in front of the Hotel de Ville, were ranged in a row and made to kneel down close together. There was nothing in the whole place but three empty scavenger carts which stood in a line at the rear of the prisoners, and when everything was in line and ready to fire, Col. Guizot stepped forward and told the prisoners in a few words that they were to suffer death for having been caught in the act of setting fire to buildings and dwellings in Paris. At this moment the women uttered a piercing cry and attempted to sway themselves back and forth. An officer advanced and made them keep still with the flat of his sword. A few moments afterwards a volley was fired and when the smoke cleared away a most horrible sight was presented. Three of the women who were in the middle of the row between the men were still living and writhing in awful agony. A second volley was fired and a third and not until the sixth round did all the prisoners cease to live. The dead bodies were then flung into three scavenger carts and carried away to be buried.

FOUND.

PARIS, May 31, Evening.—Orders to set fire to buildings which had been previously marked by the Central and Safety committees for destruction have been found on the insurgent prisoners.

RESUMING LIFE.

Omnibusses and cabs have commenced running again. Cafes, restaurants and places of amusement are opening their doors, but are ordered to close at midnight. All proprietors who disobey will be handed over to the military authorities.

RE-APPEARING.

The *Journal Debates* has reappeared. Nearly all the news-papers which temporarily removed to Versailles have returned to Paris. A new journal the *Tri-Color*, advocates the restoration of the New Orleans Princes on the ground that they will be a standing menace to Germany.

NEUTRAL.

HAVRE, May 31.—A society has been organized here, whose object is to prevent the resumption of intercourse between Frenchmen and Germans.

ENGLAND.

STEAMER ARRIVED.

LONDON, May 31.—Arrived out, City of Limerick, at Dalglia, from New York.

TELEGRAPH.

LONDON, May 31.—England will send a representative to the Telegraph Convention at Florence, to arrange for adhesion to the Vienna treaty of English lines and the Anglo-American cable.

BELGIUM.

HUGO LEFT.

BRUSSELS, May 31.—Victor Hugo has left Belgium for Holland.

A BLOW FOR HUGO.

BRUSSELS, May 31.—The Belgian Chamber of Representatives has rejected a resolution of regret for the expulsion of Victor Hugo. The Ministers in their speeches before the House severely condemned the complicity of intelligent malefactors with crimes of the Commune.

AUSTRIA.

THE PRESIDENT'S REQUEST GRANTED.

VIENNA, May 31.—President Grant requested the Austrian Government to allow Baron Von Ledtror, its Minister to the United States, to preside over the arbitration of the Cuban claims, and the imperial permission has been telegraphed to Washington.

TURKEY.

BLARNEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 30.—The Director of the Turkish Foreign Office has gone to St. Petersburg, taking with him the insignia of the Imperial Order of Osmanie for the Emperor Alexander, and corresponding distinctions for the Russian Ministers.

ITALY.

PARISIANS TO BE ARRESTED.

FLORENCE, May 31.—The Italian government has instructed its Prefects throughout the country to capture all Parisians who may enter Italy.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, May 31, 3 P. M.—Consols 93¼. Bonds steady. 5-20's '62, 90¾; do '65, 90¾; do '67, 92¾; 10-40's, 89.

LIVERPOOL, May 31.—Cotton firm; middling upland 7¾@7¾d. Breadstuffs and provisions unchanged.

COAL CITY.

Another Big Well.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COAL CITY, May 31.—The Prentice, Angell & Co. well No. 9 was struck yesterday, and is dowing at intervals of twenty-five minutes and flowing about two hundred and fifty barrels per day.

NASHVILLE.

Democratic Convention.

NASHVILLE, May 31.—The following proceedings of the Democrats of the Twenty-first civil district of this county, the second largest district outside this city will appear in the Nashville *Banner* to-morrow. Inasmuch as the present Constitution of the State of Tennessee gives to the colored man every civil and political right enjoyed by the white man, it follows that the validity of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States form no substantial issue before the people of Tennessee.

Therefore, in our opinion no position or paper that shall want only to continue the agitation of that question, is entitled to the confidence and support of the Democrats of this State and whereas, the recent act of Congress, known as the Ku-Klux bill, looks in our opinion to the perpetuation of the usurpation of the Radical party, by violence based on false pretenses, a contemplated destruction of the government which can only be prevented by better organization of the Democratic party.

Therefore, be it resolved by the Democratic and Conservative party of this District, that no secret meeting of citizens shall ever be held except the members individually and collectively of this club hereby recognize themselves a part of the *posse comitatus*, as such, always ready to aid the officer a Marshal of the United States or Sheriff of the County, to arrest and bring to justice any person guilty of violating the provisions of the Ku-Klux act of Tennessee, without being so called by either Marshal or Sheriff; we bind ourselves to pursue with hue and cry any such offender beyond the confines of the District, and this club hereby offers a standing reward of one hundred dollars, to be assessed on the members in proportion to their taxable respectively, for the arrest and conviction of every such offender in the civil District.

That we earnestly request the Democrats of every other county of the State to organize a similar club under these resolutions.

The list of signers embraces Ex-Governor Henry S. Foote, late member of the Confederate Congress, Hon. Jno. C. Thompson, of the late State Constitutional Convention, Rev. A. L. P. Green, and a number of others among the most influential and best citizens of the State, many of whom were practical rebels during the war. The resolutions will be signed, and they are now endorsed by every Democratic voter in the twenty-first district, and will undoubtedly be adopted in every county in the State.

CINCINNATI.

Killed.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—A man named Bonestry, of this city, was killed here by a backing train this morning on the Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Lafayette railroad.

HEAVY RAINS.

The rain ceased about two o'clock this morning. The fall between that and four o'clock the preceding afternoon was four and a half inches. Much damage to the city and private property is greater than estimated last night, the sewers in some places having received serious injury.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.

A shooting affray occurred in Hillsborough Ohio on Monday evening in which Wm. Scraggs was shot twice in the breast by Dr. Enos Holmes. It is hoped neither shot will prove fatal. An old trouble was at the bottom. Of late Dr. Holmes had been pursuing in a very threatning manner by Scraggs while intoxicated. Holmes seems to have been acting in self defense.

RAIN.

The fall of rain here for the year ending today has been twenty-nine and three-quarters inches, over nine inches less than the yearly average. The fall for the six months beginning with July last was less than one-fourth the usual yearly quantity.

ST. LOUIS.

Railroad Enterprise.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—Captain James Brown, President of the Missouri & Pacific Railroad, has just returned from New York where he arranged for the sale of three million 6 per cent. gold interest second mortgage bonds of the above named road, the proceeds of these bonds to be used in taking up one million six hundred thousand of the floating debt for laying a double track from St. Louis to Kirkwood, and building a branch road from a point nine miles outside of the city to South St. Louis to connect direct with the iron furnaces at that place.

INDIANS.

A letter from Jacksboro, Texas, says: On the 18th of May, a band of some hundred Indians attacked Henry Warmer's train twenty miles distant, and killed nine men. Returning to the train and wounded one. General Sherman, who was at Fort Richardson at the time, ordered companies of cavalry in pursuit with instructions to drive the Indians into Fort Sill, saying that if he found they were Fort Sill Indians he would stop the Indian trade in that quarter.

HOT.

To-day is the warmest of the season, the mercury rising above 90 in the shade.

MEXICO.

Threatening.

MEXICO CITY, *via* HAVANA, May 30.—Affairs look threatening in Jalisco, San Luis Potosi and Puebla.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

General Canto, whose case has long been before the public, has been sentenced to death.

BULLION.

One million dollars in silver has arrived from Guadalajara, and will be shipped to Europe and the United States.

THE REBELLION.

Tampico is not taken yet. Consul Redham says the rebellion there has no political significance, the object of the rebels being more to rob the commerce of the country.

CHICAGO.

Murder and Suicide.

CHICAGO, May 31.—In this city, yesterday afternoon, Martin Bendoy, aged twenty-one, shot Catharine Neckolaw, aged twenty, inflicting a mortal wound, and then shot himself, dying immediately. Both were Bohemians, and there was an engagement of marriage between them. On the occasion of the German procession, on Monday, Catharine went riding with another young man, and this so excited Martin's jealousy as to lead to the murder and suicide.

XENIA.

The Presbyterians.

[Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

XENIA, O., May 31.—In the United Presbyterian Assembly to-night, the Committee on Statistics reported, showing the last year to have been one of the most prosperous ever enjoyed by the church.

NEW YORK.

Decoration Day—A Prize Fight—Railroad Muddles—Financial—A Heavy Sentence—Coal Sales—Steamer Arrived—Ensuring Jurors—Tweed's Daughter Married.

NEW YORK, May 31, 1871.

DECORATION DAY.

At the Academy of Music last evening there was a very large audience to listen to an oration by Hon. Wm. H Evarts. Among the prominent persons on the stage were Gens. Graham and Jefferson C. Davis, Inspector General James McQuade, of Utica, New York, Major General Barnum, of Syracuse, and Dr. Tyng, while their families occupied proscenium boxes, and the utmost enthusiasm attended the exercises. All the decoration exercises were the most pleasant and satisfactory ever commemorated in this vicinity. In the evening a reception was given to the members of the Grand Army of the Republic by the Union League, Lotos and Army and Navy clubs.

A RAILROAD MUDDLE.

The railroad leading from Unionville to Middletown, N. Y., having been leased to the Midland road, Erie managers who, by special agreement, have supplied rolling stock since the road was opened, have withdrawn all passenger trains. The leading officials of the New York Central Railroad have received Internal Revenue Commissioner Pleasanton's decision affirming the assessment of 5 per cent on $23,369,400 interest certificates issued by that road with considerable surprise—as they thought obidence presented to the government entitled them to a decision nullifying the assessment. In conversation with a reporter Commodore Vanderbilt stated that the assessment decision was not justifiable. Under no section of the internal revenue law was the New York Central Company amenable for this tax, as the certificates issued by that company merely represented the improved value of the property upon which the payment of dividends are contingent upon the earnings of the road. Furthermore, the money that had been spent on this improvement had been accumulating from 1850 to date, and although the internal revenue law was not passed till 1864, yet the Government now claimed without the slightest authority, a percentage upon the accumulations for seven years previous to the law taking effect. Commodore Vanderbilt declared he would appeal from the decision of Commissioner Pleasanton to the United States Courts, and felt confident that his appeal would be sustained.

FINANCIAL.

The *Times* financial article says: The decision of the Government against the New York Central for one million one hundred and fifty thousand dollars tax upon scrip dividends, eighty per cent. in $25,000,000 on the capital before consolidation with the Hudson. This dividend in December, 1868, had measurably been anticipated, and although short sellers were not wanting to "beat" stock, on this announcement they were met by pretty free buying from Commodore, and the shortages were over the price was par, as against 99¾ per cent. last night. Scrip also was firm at the close. The tax of $1,150,000 will of course have to be paid by the New York Central and Hudson Company. It is believed they have a reserve of $2,000,000 to meet any contingency. It may be that the legal advisers of Vanderbilt, who do not find themselves so greatly at fault as to what the decision of the Government would be, will advise him to resist payment, which, however, he cannot do successfully, or if compelled to pay that he should sue for the recovery of the money. Such action would result in the Government certainly no service to the stockholders, whose whole interest in the question is only one and one-fourth per cent. on a capital of nineteen million dollars. At the same time, if such advice be acted upon, the damage to the market in value of securities will be much greater than the suspension of Government decision has heretofore inflicted.

FIRE.

A Scranton special says: The prize fight between Donovan and Conway took place twelve miles north of this city yesterday morning. Fifteen rounds were fought in twenty minutes. A foul was claimed by Conway, which was not allowed, and he ran out of the ring. Both men claim the money. It is thought that Donovan would have won the fight had Conway remained in the ring.

FORGING JURORS.

United States Judge Benedict, of Brooklyn, to-day directed proceedings to be begun against a banker and his clerk, who are charged by one of their employees an unsolicited note to the Judge stating that if he was detained for jury duty he would be accommodated. Simplicity is imprisonment for not less than three months and a fine of five hundred dollars.

BILL TWEED'S DAUGHTER.

The marriage of Arthur A. Maginnis, a merchant of this city, and Mary Amelia, daughter of Wm. M. Tweed, took place this evening at Grace Church, which was largely attended by the friends of the parties. The presents amounted to $700,000.

COAL.

Eighty thousand tons of Scranton coal were sold at auction to-day at the following prices: lump at $4.65@5.15; broken at $4.70@4.90; egg at $5.12; stove at $5.80@6.00; chestnut at $4.60@4.65. The coal is all deliverable at Elizabethport, N. J.

HEAVY SENTENCE.

James Murray was convicted to day in the general sessions court of being implicated in the Central Park robbery and was sentenced to twenty years in the State prison.

ARRIVED.

Arrived the steamship Minnesota, from Liverpool.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—River rose six feet last night and this forenoon, but now falling with fifteen feet in the channel. The rise was from the Little Miami. Arrived—Kate Robinson, St. Louis; departed—Paleotia; Charmer, Evansville; Allegheny Belle, Wueeling. Weather clear and warm.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—Arrived—Belle St. Louis, Vicksburg; Andy Johnson, Keokuk; Detroit, Cincinnati; Jennie Rhodes, Memphis; Glasgow, Omaha; Dubuque, St. Paul; Anna, Cincinnati; Jennie Hallett, Upper Mississippi. Departed—Pauline Carroll and Bet Lee, barges, New Orleans; Abeona, Cincinnati; S. S. Merrill, St. Louis; Johnson Parmelee, Keokuk; Hawkeye No. 2 Wm. Brown, Pittsburgh; Petriel, Memphis; Comet, Ore Pile; John Kyle, New Orleans; City of Alton, Peoria; Andy Johnson, Keokuk; Robb, Illinois River; Friendship, Cairo; General Anderson, Mound City. River rising. Weather cloudy and very warm.

LOUISVILLE, May 31.—The river has risen seven inches during the past twenty-four hours; three feet in the chute and five feet in the canal. Very warm and alternately clear and cloudy to-day; clear to-night. Prospects of improvement in business. Arrived—Champion, Cincinnati; Indiana, New Orleans. Departed—Champion, St. Louis; Susie Silver, departed, leaves for New Orleans to-morrow. The Eagle, White river to Pittsburgh, passed up. The A. J. Baker departed for Pittsburgh. The Tom Reese got through the canal and left for Covington with three barges of iron ore.

CAIRO, May 31.—City of Chester, St. Louis to Memphis, 10 P. M.; Edinburgh, Cincinnati to Red River, 16; Belle Memphis, Memphis to St. Louis, 2 A. M.; Belfast, New Orleans to Cincinnati, 2; Kanawna No. 8, Pomeroy to Memphis, 2; Bismarck, New Orleans to St. Louis, 5; Grand Mitchell, New Orleans to Cincinnati, 5; Grand Lake No. 2, New Orleans to Louisville, 5; Jno. W. Garnett, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, 7; Leonidas, New Orleans to Cincinnati, 6; Samson No. 2, St. Louis and return; Julia, St. Louis to Vicksburg, 6; Mollie Hagen, Nashville and return to Evansville, 6; Arkansas Belle, Evansville packet, 8. Thermometer fell 2 inches. Weather clear. Mercury 92°.

EVANSVILLE, May 31.—Weather partly cloudy with a heavy shower this morning. Mercury 90°. Arrived—Jennie Rhodes, Memphis; Peytona and barges 2 A. M.; Mary Ament 2 P. M.; S. J. Hale 3; Morning Star 4; Idle Wild 530; Wheeling 9 A. M.; Fayette Falls City 9; C. B. Church and R. C. Gray 11 A. M. Superior in all with good rains.

MEMPHIS, May 31.—Weather clear. Mercury 90°. Hottest day of the season. River falling steadily. Arrived—Cumberland, Pittsburgh; Dempster, Henry Ames, St. Louis; Gladiator and James Howard, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Arrived—Yeager, St. Louis; Cowan, Pittsburgh. Departed—Turner, Louisville.

SPRINGFIELD.

Interesting Ceremonies.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills, May 31. The ceremonies of removing the remains of the late Governor Bissel from Hutchison's Cemetery, in this city, to Oak Ridge, to-day, were imposing and interesting. The General Assembly with all the State officers, the entire Supreme Court, fire department, Springfield Zouaves, together with a large concourse of citizens took part in the ceremonies. Governor Palmer delivered an oration at the grave.

DEAD.

Hon. Samuel D. Casey, an old and widely known and Democratic politician of this State, died at his residence in Mount Vernon, Illinois, at 5 o'clock this afternoon. At the time of his death he was a member of the State Senate, and had been sick for about two weeks of hemorrage of the bowels. He was a son of the late ex-Governor Zadoc Casey.

IN SESSION.

The General Assembly is still in session, and but little business has been transacted so far.

HOT.

The weather to-day has been fearfully hot, the thermometer indicating 95 degrees in the shade.

COLUMBUS.

Democratic State Convention.

COLUMBUS, May 31.—The number of delegates in this city, to attend the Democratic Convention to-morrow, is very large. The principal talk is about the platform. It seems probable that a new departure will be taken, but a less extensive one than Vallandigham's Dayton resolutions. The only candidates talked of for Governor to-night, are General Ewing and Col. McDonald, with the chances in favor of Ewing. There are three candidates for Lieut. Governor, Hunt of Hamilton, Hank of Montgomery, and Hill of Defiance.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Fatal Accident.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—The first fatal accident ever occurring in Yosemite happened Monday. Gacoms Camp, of San Francisco, fell from the ladders on the face of Cliff Vertical, fractured his skull and died in a few hours.

RAILROAD.

Work on the California Pacific extension from Danesville towards Salt Lake will commence about the last of June. Meantime surveys will be pushed forward with all possible dispatch.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Important Decision

THE WEATHER.

Public Debt Reduction.

THE VICE PRESIDENT.

A Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, May 31, 1871.

IMPORTANT PRECEDENT.

Several cases similar to that of the claim of the Government for a tax on a scrip dividend of the New York Central Railroad, are still pending in the Internal Revenue Bureau, and the decision yesterday will be considered as a precedent in the settlement of them all.

CANNOT COLLECT.

Collector Latham writes from Huntsville, Alabama, that there is a large amount of internal revenue tax due in the interior and mountainous country of his district which he cannot collect in the ordinary way and consequently several of his deputies have resigned and no responsible men can be found who will undertake the collection by distraint and sale because they could not do so and live in safety in the country. The collector therefore asks whether or not he may be permitted to go to the county assessors tax books and ascertain what delinquents have property and distrain and sell the property at the county court house in each county where the distraint is made instead of within five miles of the property so distrained as required by the law governing in such cases. The commissioner says—"I really think in your cases it is declined to grant it for the reasons you state would be to concede that the laws of the United States cannot be executed in your district. I intend to collect the revenue of the United States in Alabama as I do in Massachusetts, and appoint new Deputies in place of those who have resigned, and propose to make examination of all such cases as you are resisted call upon the local authorities for aid, and if this is not sufficient telegraph to Washington and I will ask for troops to maintain your authority and insure the execution of the law."

THE WEATHER.

The pressure has recovered somewhat on the Pacific coast, with fresh southwest wind, and clear weather and cooler in Oregon and Rocky Mountain stations. It has risen slightly in the Mississippi Valley. In Alabama, Georgia and Carolina, warm weather and light rain at the latter stations. It has fallen heavily on the South Atlantic coasts, and from Pennsylvania to Maine, and remains stationary on the Lakes. Fresh Southeast winds prevail generally on the Gulf coast, and fresh Southeast winds from Florida to Delaware bay. Threatening and rainy weather have increased in the Southern States, and rain has generally fallen over the central Virginia to eastern Pennsylvania and in the Middle States, especially New England coast. Clear and partially cloudy weather prevails north of the Ohio and Missouri rivers. Probabilities are that brisk to high winds and storms will be experienced during the night on the immediate coast from Georgia to Maine, followed by cooler weather on Thursday. Clear and partially cloudy weather with light wind will probably prevail in the Interior and on the Lakes.

THE BOWEN TRIAL.

Considerable commotion was caused in the Bowen bigamy trial by the production of a telegram from United States District Attorney Devis, of New York, with reference to the assignment of a case in the Supreme Court of that State, divorcing Bowen from Frances Bowen in 1865, in which he says: "I think the whole thing a fraud and forgery. The witness and proof will come on to-night." Judge Olin increased Bowen's bail from five thousand to ten thousand dollars, and Beecher and the present Mrs. Bowen became his surety.

RAILROAD CASES.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue has under consideration the cases of the Cleveland, Toledo and Michigan Southern Railroad, involving the payment of taxes amounting to many millions of dollars. This and other similar cases will be considered severally on their own merits, irrespective of the decision rendered in the New York Central case, although some of the points may be analogous.

THE HEALTH OF PRESIDENT.

The health of Vice President Colfax continues to improve. He is to leave here for his home at South Bend, Ind., to-day, a special car, which will make the trip in about thirty-six hours, to go through without change, has been prepared, and every precaution will be taken to guard against any injurious effects from the journey.

DECREASE IN THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The public debt statement will show a decrease of about the first month of about three millions. Pensions are now paid quarterly instead of semi-annually. On this account during May, the expenditures have been about six millions.

FOR HOME.

Vice President Colfax was conveyed in a carriage this evening to the Railroad depot, where he took passage in a special car, for his home in Indiana. He was accompanied by Hon. J. Bliss, Mr. Todd, his private secretary and others.

OCEAN POSTAGE.

A convention for reduced ocean postage will shortly be submitted to Sweden and Norway, with a provision that Denmark may enter into the arrangement.

CABINET MEETING.

At the Cabinet meeting to-day all the members were present except Postmaster Creswell, who was represented by Assistant Secretary Cowan.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Receipts for Internal Revenue during May were $11,664,000.

NEW LOAN.

Subscriptions to the new loan to-day were $244,700.

PHILADELPHIA.

The New Loan.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—A special dispatch from Washington says the Secretary of the Treasury has finally notified Jay Cooke & Co. that their proposition made on behalf of a combination of banks and bankers and themselves to take the balance of two hundred millions of the loan is declined for the reason that the Secretary thinks his power to accept some of the conditions proposed.

THE PITTSTON TRAGEDY.

A special dispatch received this morning from Pittston says the coroner's jury in the case of the burning of the Avondale, Pittston mine, worked by Blake & Co., rendered a verdict this morning. After detailing the facts of the case the jury declared that the miners met their death from improper ventilation of the mine; that when the breaker took fire there was no means of supplying the men with fresh air, and that the means of ventilation were such as are required by law, March 30th, 1870. The jury furthermore find there was negligence on the part of the superintendent, in not keeping portions of the machinery properly oiled, and further that the company had employed men to run the breaker who were a number of men than the act already referred to warrants. The verdict finds further that Thomas Watkins, the engineer, had no knowledge of those violations of the law but did not protest, and that he failed in his duty in not applying to the courts for an injunction against the operators.

LOUISVILLE.

A Flood.

LOUISVILLE, May 31.—A tremendous fall of rain all last night in Marion and the adjoining counties and along the line of the Knoxville Railroad from Lebanon Junction to Lebanon, caused the largest flood known since the location of the state for many years. Immense damage was done to property, and considerable portions of the railroad track undermined, and track and bridges swept away. Trains from here this morning stopped a few miles from Lebanon, and depended for sixty feet of the track were destroyed The bridges passed over were insecure last night, and how far beyond is not known. Sixty miles beyond where this train stopped, another train bound in this direction was compelled to stop, because of six miles across which no communication is possible, as the country is flooded in every direction. Telegraph lines are prostrated down and destruction of farm property is very great. Mails are stopped over the line till the damage is repaired.

SHIPPINSBURG, PA.

Corner Stone.

SHIPPINSBURG, Pa., May 31.—The Corner Stone of the Cumberland Valley Normal School was laid to-day with appropriate ceremonies.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, May 31.—Market continues in a depressed condition, the receipts far exceeding the demand, so far the supply reached 394 against 376, the same day last week, but great pain passes east without being offered here. The demand is very sparing, but prices have dropped 50 below last week. Sales to-day of 22 Missouri steers, averaging 1291 lbs., at $5.50; 248 do 1170 lbs. to 1256 lbs. at $6.00; 17 do 1087 lbs. at $6.25; 51 Illinois steers, ranging from 1115 lbs to 1280 lbs. at $6.60; 19 do 1191 lbs. at $6.25; and 34 do 1214 lbs. at $6.35. Sheep light; receipts of market dull and 50 lower than last week; sales of 272 Indiana sheep, ranging from 92 to 98 lbs. $4.62½; 362 Illinois sheep, 93 lbs, $4.20; 190 Indiana sheep, 75 lbs. $4.00; and 262 Michigan sheep, 76 lbs. $4.25. Hogs still declining; sales of 234, at $4.50@4.65.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Flour dull; superfine $5.12½; double extra $6.62½; treble extra $6.87½@7.00. Corn mixed at 75c; yellow at 77c; white at 78c. Oats at 63@65c. Bran firmer at $1.35@1.40. Hay firm, prime at $23; choice at $24. Pork dull and nominal at $16.75. Bacon dull; shoulders at 8¾; clear rib at 9c; clear sides at 9¾c; sugar cured hams at 13½@14½c. Lard dull; tierces at 11½@11¾c; keg 12½@12¾c. Coffee steady at 14@15½c. Exchange sterling 12¾. New York sight at ¼ premium.

XENIA, O.

U. P. General Assembly—Election of Missionaries.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

XENIA, May 30, 1871.

The Assembly of the U. P. Church in session in this place is progressing pleasantly.

On yesterday the report of the Board of Foreign Missions was before the Assembly. The Board asked for the following additions to the Foreign Field: One male for Syria, one male and one female for India, two males and two females for Egypt, one male and two females for China.

In view of the importance of the subject the Board asked the Assembly as they were the representatives of the whole Church, they would speak for the Church, that the voice of the church in such matters was the voice of God; that upon whoever the choice for Missionaries might fall they should feel that it was the voice of God calling them to go and carry the gospel to those dark and benighted lands.

The report as presented was adopted and the Assembly made the selection of Missionary for the Foreign field the order of the day for this morning and that, it should be made a special subject of prayer, that the Assembly might be directed in the choice of those He would have to go.

The Assembly met this morning at the appointed time and the selection of a Missionary for the Foreign field being the order of the day was taken up.

The Assembly having spent some time in prayer for special directions, nominations were called for and after a very thorough inquiry into the christian character and qualifications of the different persons, the Assembly by a unanimous vote every delegate rising elected the following persons.

Rev. R. T. Wylie, to Syria.

Rev. Ralph E. Wilkins, to China.

John T. Patterson, M. D., and Miss E. Cleburne, to India.

Rev. H. F. Wallace, T. W. Martin, William Humphries and Miss Anna Y. Thompson, to Egypt.

Mr. Wylie belongs to Michigan. Graduated at Monmouth College and Seminary.

Mr. Wilkins belongs to Iowa. Served in the army through the whole war. Graduated at the College and Seminary at Monmouth. Mr. Patterson is a young physician and spent last year at the Xenia Theological Seminary.

Mr. Wallace is a brother of the Rev. D. A. Wallace of Monmouth, and should he accept the appointment, bids fair to make as good a man in the Foreign field as his brother has in the Home.

Mr. Humphries belongs to Xenia. Has spent two years in the Seminary at Xenia.

Miss Cleburne is a daughter of the Rev. W. J. Cleburne, of Minnesota; will graduate with the First Honors of the class, in a few days, at Monmouth College.

Miss Thompson is a daughter of the Rev. David Thompson, Muskingum, county, Ohio; will graduate at the close of the present session of Washington Female Seminary. Has traveled extensively in Oregon and California, in days when railroads were not to be had.

We think the Assembly have made an unusually good selection for the field, and should they all accept, it will be the largest addition ever made to the foreign field at one time.

Yours, J. F.

AMERICAN PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION.

Its Organization and Aims.

The American Protestant Association is comparatively a young organization, and its existence as well as its principles are unknown to thousands of people. But notwithstanding its youthfulness, it has made considerable progress, and it is now established in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Missouri, Maryland, Delaware, Rhode Island, Kentucky, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan, West Virginia, New Hampshire, and California.

The formation of the Rituals and ceremonies incident to the general workings of the order seem to be taken from twelve chapters in the Holy Bible, corresponding to the twelve tribes of the children of Israel.

The principles of the order are broad and liberal, and are: "Implicit confidence in God, the Creator and Ruler of all things, honor and obedience to parents; compliance with and support and defense of the Constitution and laws of this country; the required an unswerving defence and preservation of the liberty of Conscience, and the protection of all good citizens from violence, oppression or fraud." The symbols are wisdom and understanding, and the practice of prudence, temperance, sobriety, honesty and integrity. The three strong pillars upon which the superstructure rests, are Faith, Hope, and Charity.

The Order is arranged by two men who have since passed away, and the first meeting to form an organization in the United States was held in the outer of Isaac Meason's house, west corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, on the "Point," then known as Bates' Hall. A Lodge was here formed, and the accumulation of members soon required a larger hall necessarily, and Espanse's buildings was then rented; here the Lodge became so numerous that a separation became necessary.

A Grand Lodge was formed and the officers installed in the third story of six miles across the corner of Third and Market streets. The first charters, which were not as stylish in those days as they are now, to open subordinate lodges, were issued about the first of 1845, to Pittsburgh Lodge No. 1, Birmingham Lodge No. 2, Luther Lodge No. 3 and No Surrender Lodge No. 4. These lodges were all organized within a few days of each other. Other lodges were soon added, and the work moved bravely on. The continuation of the present prosperity of the Order and its future advancement and spread, depends largely upon the wisdom and judicious legislation of the Grand Lodges.

Wise legislation and a firm and harmonious adherence to former good acts will tend greatly to the benefit of members and strengthen the Order in the estimation of the people (even its enemies), and secure for it a permanent existence.

R.

BRIDGEVILLE.

EDITORS GAZETTE—A grand fishing festival, got up by two young, intelligent and enterprising gentlemen, Messrs. Hamilton Boyd and J. B. Donaldson, M. D., took place on Wednesday, May 24, 1871, at 2, P.M. It

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1871.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL.
DAVID STANTON, of Beaver Co.
SURVEYOR GENERAL.
ROBT. H. BEATH, of Schuylkill Co.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111@111¼.

THE Republicans of Beaver county have just placed in nomination the following very strong and excellent ticket: Assembly—Wm. C. Shurlock; Associate Judge—Joseph C. Wilson; Treasurer—Charles P. Wallace; Pros. Attorney—J. R. Harrah; Commissioner—Hugh J. Marshall; P. H. Director—Samuel Gibson; Auditor—Ralph Covert; Surveyor—Azariah Wynn; Trustees of Academy—Henry Hice, John Murray.

THE forthcoming monthly statement of the Public Debt will show a large and handsome decrease. It is one of the most gratifying features of Grant's administration that every month since his accession to office there has been a large diminishment of what the nation owes. The President's pledge to the people in this direction has been well and faithfully kept. "The people now fully realize that peace and universal prosperity, its sequence, with economy of administration, will lighten the burden of taxation, while it constantly reduces the national debt."

MASSACHUSETTS has introduced for trial a new system, which may prove a very valuable auxiliary to the police department of that State. A law has just been passed, which clothes with all the powers of a constable each railway conductor and brakeman of every train, and also the conductors and drivers of city railway cars. The bill makes thorough organization of the force, and enlarges the duty of the State constabulary. It is provided that whoever shall corruptly give or promise to any officer, appointed under the provisions of the act, any gift or gratuity, with intent to induce such officer to refuse or neglect to perform the duties of his office, shall be punished by imprisonment and fine, while the officer accepting such gift shall also be severely punished.

PITTSBURGH is progressive. We are about to have in operation at the steel works of Anderson & Wood a silver smelting furnace. From the mines in Utah of the senior partner of this firm, one hundred tons of ore are now on the way to this city to be smelted and separated. It is proposed to erect on a large scale a smelting works and to add the silver interests to those of iron, glass, steel and copper which make the city rich and prosperous. Hitherto, the ores from the various parts of the Western Country have been transported to Swansea, Wales, or Germany, where they have been treated, smelted, separated and brought back again to the United States, incurring large expenses, which in themselves will be a large profit in favor of operations in Pittsburgh. The yield of the Utah Silver Mines varies from $30 to $800 per ton of silver, and about 50 per cent. of lead: the lead alone paying all the expenses of mining, fuel, freight, etc.

THE subject of narrow gauge railways is eliciting much attention in all parts of the country, and experimental projects are being pushed forward through individual enterprise in various sections. The only wonder is that they are not universally adopted as an easy, cheap and advantageous mode of promoting population and business. One road, of about a hundred miles in length, has been commenced at Elko station, on the Pacific Central Railroad, to pierce the white Pine silver region, rich in ores, but now comparatively worthless, owing to the scarcity of fuel. Coal of good quality has been discovered in abundance near Elko, and this road will render transportation so cheap that the ores can be taken to the coal and reduced. This will give them a value, and by so much enhance the production of the precious metals. The road may be continued into California, for there is a natural route which can be improved and unite the North Pacific road with Lower California. Here the advantages of the narrow gauge are fully discovered, for a broad gauge road for its construction would have to await many years, or until such time as the country becomes richer and more populous.

A CORRESPONDENT asks us if it is "right to annually indulge in such patriotic military displays as that of Tuesday? If such speech—making and extolling of our loyal dead and corresponding denunciation of the Southern people who engaged in the rebellion will not prove prolific sources for complaint against the North and serve to stay the growth of harmony and good feeling between all sections of our common country?" We do not see that any damaging consequences can follow the observation of Decoration Day, or why the grateful and patriotic people of the loyal states should refrain from paying marked tribute to the memory of those who fell sacrifices to their country. There are few now but admit that the confederacy was a mistake; that treason deserves to be made odious and that the late rebellion was unholy. The union soldiers fought neither for the North, West, East nor South, but for the whole country. The citizen of Carolina, who rejoices that our confederacy of States remains unbroken, that harmony and good fellowship prevail everywhere in the land, has equal cause to strew flowers of remembrance and gratitude on the graves of the dead Union patriots with the citizen of Massachusetts, for their lives were offered for the welfare and preservation of all the States. Hence, we think our correspondent need have little fear that the observation of Decoration day, now almost a national holiday, will produce any evil results, but on the contrary, will be productive of good, teaching all that a country can be grateful and appreciative.

IS IT WAR?

We called attention yesterday to the recent speech delivered by Jefferson Davis at the Planters' Hotel in Augusta, Georgia, a short synopsis of which was reported by telegraph. We have since received a more extended report of the speech, and, after reading it, we cannot but express our astonishment that this arch-rebel should have the effrontery to make such a deliverance on the "lost cause" as that which it contains. Mr. Davis cannot receive the sympathy of those northern Democrats, nor of some of the southern ones either, who profess to accept the situation of affairs brought about by the war, if they are sincere in the profession they make. He attributed the ovation given him by the Georgians to his being the representative of their cause—a cause dear to him, and more precious than life, and in the remembrance of which he gloried. "Wrong," said he, "cannot always be triumphant. I will say nothing, and you must do nothing, even though tyranny oppresses grievously on you." This is the language of an ungrateful wretch, whose hands are stained with the warm, generous and patriotic blood of the four thousand soldiers of Allegheny county, whose graves were strewn on Tuesday with bright flowers, and to whose immortal memory our citizens dedicated a monument crowned with Fame, in gratitude for their noble and chivalrous efforts in destroying the cause, which Davis insultingly declares they failed to destroy. It is the language of an impenitent and incorrigible rebel whose hands are red with the blood of hundreds of thousands of the best and most heroic men that ever obeyed the call "to arms," and who, if he had received the just demerit of his deeds of rebellion and of death would now be sleeping in a traitors' grave. Shame upon the man who has experienced so much of a nation's clemency and escaped, through its great magnanimity, a felon's noose, to talk of an oppressive tyranny! If justice had its due he would not now be in a position to inflame the wild passions of a noble, but misguided people by his ribald harangues.

Instead of advising the people who "honor him for his cause," to accept the situation of affairs, which their own disloyalty to the government of the country has brought about, he fans the embers of a lurking desire, and tells them to possess their souls in patience, and the cause that is dearer to him than life, which was only saved through the potent charm of "petticoats," shall yet be retrieved. "Forbear," says he, "for a season and a day will come when all will yet be well. I may not, nor may some of you live to see it, but it is surely coming." This prediction was received with applause, and he appealed to the justice of God for its fulfillment, who, he said, "*will not allow the wicked to always remain in power, nor the righteous to be oppressed.*" Shame, where is they blush? We "tremble" for such a man when we "consider that God is just." Do such utterances not savor of war? If the Southern people were only mad enough to plunge themselves into another fearful and fratricidal strife, Jefferson Davis would rejoice in his soul.

When men will listen to and applaud such a speech as that delivered in Augusta, it is evident they have the will, if they only had the power, to make another stroke at the life of the Union. Do the Northern Democracy endorse the incendiary tirades of this blood stained traitor? If they desire to receive credit for sincerity they will not fail to denounce them. But of this we have little hope. It is our conviction that many of them would make their author their first choice for the next Presidency, if they had the slightest hope that he could be elected.

A correspondent of the New York *Herald*—a paper not given to exaggerate the misdeeds of the South—writes:

Mr. Davis is making a tour of the Southern States and speaks to excited crowds at every important place. The South is awakening under this inspiration and the tempest is brewing.

The people can see very clearly from the above specimens what they may expect if the Democrats should be elevated to Governmental control, a thing which we never wish to see, so long as they continue to manifest the spirit and desire evinced by their great chief at Augusta, and elsewhere.

PRIMARY MEETINGS.

We desire to call the especial attention of our readers to the primary meetings which are to be held in the county and city next Saturday, for the purpose of electing delegates to the different conventions which will be held on Tuesday of next week. Much dissatisfaction is frequently expressed after these primary meetings have been held at the men elected delegates. But those who complain most are the very persons who give least attention to the matter, and do not condescend to attend the primaries. Such persons should be the last to complain that *their* work has not been done satisfactorily when they willfully neglected to give it their personal attention. The merchant who never enters his store-rooms has no very just grounds for complaint that his business has not been properly and profitably conducted by his clerks and salesmen. Every wise merchant who desires to maintain his solvency and make his capital productive, will give daily attention to his warehouse and counting room, no matter how accomplished and faithful his employees may be. If this is necessary to success even when there are agents paid for doing the work, how much more so when they are not?

Politics is the business of every American citizen, no matter how engrossing his daily avocations may be. The right of the people, the whole people, to elect their officers, is a sacred one, and should not be surrendered to any clique of designing politicians. No one needs to be told that the primary meeting is the place to secure the nomination and election of good and faithful men to office. Those who fail to attend it become the mere tools of a few, whose nominations, in one way or other—either by absenting themselves from the polls, or depositing their votes in the ballot box on election day—they are constrained to ratify.

The "Crawford county system" has been discussed for a few years, and voted upon here. But the electors of Allegheny county have not seen fit to adopt it. Whether wisely or not they have rejected it, we need not say here. Like every other mode that has been tried, it has its advantages and disadvantages. Indeed, it would be difficult to contrive a plan that would give satisfaction to all. The man who will do it will be entitled to a life tenure of one of the best offices in the gift of the people of this county. But it cannot be done. Great and important improvements might and should be made, but we must do the best we can in the circumstances.

Seeing that the matter of nominating candidates for official positions is committed into the hands of a few, it is of paramount importance that men of known and universally recognized probity should be elected as delegates to the different county conventions. If bargain and sale are possible under the present arrangement, we must have men who will do neither. It may seem strange to some, that we should talk of electing men who will give character to the Conventions and the party. But from past experience, we feel that we are called upon to urge the election of such men next Saturday. And this cannot be done unless the voters in the several election districts give a general attendance at the primary elections. Will they do it, for the sake of the cause and the party? We have always urged reform where abuses demanded rectification, and we urge all our friends to attend the polls on Saturday, so that there shall not be the slightest ground for complaint when the names of the delegates and candidates shall have been announced. If every thing should not turn out as desired, these having the right to vote and do not exercise it, will be alone to blame.

We want the very best ticket nominated that Allegheny county can afford. A good ticket here will greatly strengthen the cause throughout the State, and contribute, in no small degree, to the success and victory of the Republican party in the Presidential election of 1872. Let personal preference then be sacrifice for the general good.

It is necessary, perhaps, to remind voters that the Apportionment bill passed by the Legislature some two months since made three Assembly districts in this county. The first embraces the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Fourteenth wards, which is entitled to one legislative Representative. The second includes the Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second and Twenty-third wards, and is also entitled to one legislative Representative. The third consists of the region outside of Pittsburgh.

The Republican party have never had greater encouragement to work than at present. The opposition is daily losing ground. It is going to pieces, by reason of a lack of harmony among its members in regard to the policy they should adopt. In different parts of the country they have taken back all the denunciations they heaped on Republicanism for ten years, by their "new departure." Then, let all work well, and the best place to begin is at the primary meetings, from which we hope none will stay away who can attend.

THE RIP PAPERS.

A lady now living in Avoca, Iowa, but a native of Pittsburgh, has written a letter from which we make a few extracts as follows:

I have been highly interested in following your correspondent Rip in his wanderings through the dear, old, black city, but as there are some of our most worthy and prominent citizens whom he has passed by I thought that perhaps I might bring some of them to his recollection, for instance, that good, gentlemanly man Charles Avery and his partner in the drug business, George Ogden, on the corner of Second and Wood streets, where we little Pittsburghers used to think it a great treat to get a "*pip-en-a-bit*" from our *Paps* (as we called our paternal ancestors in those days) and go to Avery and Ogden's to buy a glass of mineral water, their's being the first fountain started in the city.

My father, Gilbert McKown, was at the time of Rip's writing, a cotemporary of Mr. John Thaw and others, he was also a prominent and an active citizen, and kept store, at one time on the corner of First and Wood streets, and then on the corner of Fourth and Wood streets. * * * *

There is scarcely a name mentioned in the papers of your correspondent, of which I do not have a recollection of some anecdote, told me either by my father or my grandmother, Mary Bracken) * * * *

I hope that your correspondent will continue his wanderings up through Pipetown, then along up the road that led to what was called the Old Man's Rocks, along the bank of the Monongahela river, where we youngsters used to go to gather *catmint*, for the babies, *hoarhound*, for coughs and colds, *penny royal*, for folks who had pains and aches in their bones and wanted to sweat it out, and *pink-roots* for worms. Gathering these *yarbs* at the imminent risk of getting our necks broken in clambering up and over those rocks.

My uncle, Charles F. Bracken, was a member of the Thespian Society that was started at that time in Pittsburgh (do not drop the tear, it would not look pretty natural). I would not intrude on your time or patience, but you can have no idea how interested I am in those "Rip" papers, they make me feel as though I were but ten years old, for so many of the incidents mentioned are still fresh in my memory, though they took place in my early childhood * * * *

I should have been to visit my old home some years ago, but an old friend living there sent word to me not to come, because nearly all my old friends, whom I love, were dead, but I tell my husband and children that I never can die contented without visiting the old home again. I have never been back since I left in April, 1837, and I do get home-sick once in a while to go back and see for myself the changes that have taken place in my old haunts around Grant's hill and Prospect hill, across the Monongahela river, to Coal hill and over to what was called Allegheny town when I left. I think I should find some of my old friends there yet, your correspondent I. C. for instance, and have a talk about the *Olden Time*.

M. J. D.

THE Philadelphia *Bulletin* stops in its routine of work to pay the following passing tribute to a youthful young hero, who sacrificed his life in endeavoring to save those of his comrads and fellow laborers:

Martin Cooney is the name of a boy who, deep down in the horrid depths of the Pitson mine, performed a deed of heroic self-sacrifice which shames into significance the actions by which many happier men have climbed to fame and honor. Cooney and a companion stood at the bottom of the shaft as the car was about to ascend for the last time. High above them roaring flame and blinding smoke and the crash of falling timbers were fast closing up the narrow way to light and life; below them in the gloomy pit were a score of men working on, unconscious of their deadly peril. Cooney, with one foot upon the car, thought of his endangered friends. He proposed to his companion that they should return and warn the miners of their threatened fate. His companion refused to go, and then Cooney, without a moment's hesitation, but with full consciousness that he had chosen almost certain death, leaped from the car and groped his way back through the grimy darkness. It was too late; the miners had closed the ventilating door before he reached them, and standing there, between that immovable barrier and the shaft, the hot breath of the fiery pit poured in upon him in a pitiless blast, and so he died. He was but a lad, poor, unlearned, and probably unconscious of possession of the higher virtues, and yet he died as great and noble a death as a man can ever die. He deliberately sacrificed his own life in an attempt to save those of his friends. Here is a theme for the most exalted genius. Compared with this poor boy, how quickly do the profane and slangy heroes of the coarse potastaers of the Hay school sink into contempt; and how unworthy and insufficient seems the fiction in which they are placed! It is from such persons as this poor and obscure lad, doing deeds of infinite heroism with a simplicity that is altogether pathetic, that we learn that the purer and higher qualities of the race—the qualities which reveal the presence of the spark of Divinity in the soul, exist even yet in the humblest of mankind.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE OLDEN TIME.

XIV.

I shall now begin with the older land marks of Market street. On the eastern corner of Water street was the liquor shop of H. G. Smith and next to that was the dwelling house and silversmith shop of Zachariah Tannehill, after which came the baking and biscuit factory of John and Ralph Davis, while on the corner was the tinshop of Billy Barton. On the opposite corner was the large brick store and dwelling house of Theo. Mazurie and Isaac Roberts, adjoining the old and ever reliable Franklin Head book store of Cramer, Spear & Eichbaum. Next above was the saddlery of Jesse and William Hamilton and then, on the corner of Second street, John Linton's tailor shop. On the opposite corner was the store of Robt. Graham and Dennis S. Scully, and then the boot and shoe shop of James Harrison, next to which was the saddlery of Peter Kintner. Christopher Steele's nail factory adjoined this and then came the dry goods and grocery store of Cheap Jimmy Wiley, while on the corner was the grocery of Bond & Pinkerton.

The square between Third and Fourth streets was then, and for many long years after, known as Molly Murphy's Clapboard Row, and was occupied by stores, on the corner was Nicholas Cunningham's, next John Douthetts shoe shop, then Jas. McCandless' store, next the tin shop of Adam and John Sheriff, then the shops of D. & J. C. Gilleland and Edward Jones and, at the corner of Fourth street, were Wm. and John Hill, who, in addition to their general merchandize, had at one time the agency of some eastern lottery companies, a business which was not, at that time prohibited by law. This corner was occupied, more recently, by the late John Burgess.

Across Fourth street was the store of Mr. John Irwin, and in that square were also the stores of George Allison and Barker and Davis, and on the corner of the Diamond was the leather store of Irwin and Havens. It may be as well here to go around the east side of the Diamond, which was occupied almost exclusively by small stores; one of these was kept by a Mr. Cowan, and another was used as an auction room by Mr. Grant. At the south east corner was the dwelling of Mr. Lewis Peters, and north of that the hat and fur shop of Robert Peebles; then, after passing a few small shops, we reach the grocery and liquor store of Mr. Robert Simpson, on the corner of Diamond alley, kept later by the Dalzell family.

On the opposite corner of the alley was the grocery and rope warehouse of Boyle Irwin, which was kept later by James Duff as a liquor shop which got the name of Hole in the Wall. Next came the auction and commission house of Joseph Davis, who was the father of the late John D. Davis and had, I think, the first auction store in the town. Adjoining this was the dwelling and doctor shop of Doctors Peter Mowry and Shepley R. Holmes, then our most eminent physicians. Next door lived Doctor Joel Lewis, father of the present amiable Mrs. Thomas J. Bingham. Then there was a wagon yard belonging to the Black Bear tavern.

Walking westward around the Diamond, we came to two or three small stores, in one of which Mr. James Park commenced his mercantile career, and he afterwards became one of the largest and most successful merchants in the place. Extending from the north to the south ends of the Diamond along Market street, there was a narrow market house where markets were held twice a week. At the end of the market house a cake, candy and apple stand was occupied by an old woman named Mrs. Watson, (or Mother Cake,) who by her toil and industry accumulated enough capital to embark in mercantile pursuits in Diamond alley, where she, for a number of years, did a flourishing trade.

But few persons now living can remember that market house, though many may recall the semi-circular one afterwards erected there. On the north-east corner of the Diamond and Market street was the Black Bear tavern, kept by John McMasters, whose bar keeper at one time was the late John Beitler, remembered doubtless by most of the present generation as living at East Liberty. Adjoining this was the watchmaker's shop of Sam'l Davis. Passing then to the corner of Fifth street, there stood a frame shop (still standing,) in which John Jackson carried on the baking business. On the northern corner was a store occupied by Charles Brewer, and in the square extending to Liberty street, there were stores kept by John McCormick, George Schwartz, Richard Konekie, James H. Sewell and others.

Returning now to the western corner of Water street we find Tibbit's barber shop, afterwards the hat shop of Hugh Moore & Co. Next to this was the confectionary of Peter Lorton, and then the boot and shoe store and dwelling of James Riddle, Esq.—how many now remember what used to be called fan-topped boots, having around the top some four inches wide of fine polished leather worn outside the pantaloons? Mr. Riddle afterwards became a leading politician and an associate county Judge. Of his large family I think only one daughter, Mrs. Judge Shaler, is now living. A grand-daughter is married to the Emperor of Railway Presidents Thomas A. Scott, Esq.

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I should have been to visit my old home some years ago, but an old friend living there sent word to me not to come, because nearly all my old friends, whom I love, were dead, but I tell my husband and children that I never can die contented without visiting the old home again. I have never been back since I left in April, 1837, and I do get home-sick once in a while to go back and see for myself the changes that have taken place in my old haunts around Grant's hill and Prospect hill, across the Monongahela river, to Coal hill and over to what was called Allegheny town when I left. I think I should find some of my old friends there yet, your correspondent I. C. for instance, and have a talk about the *Olden Time*.

M. J. D.

THE Philadelphia *Bulletin* stops in its routine of work to pay the following passing tribute to a youthful young hero, who sacrificed his life in endeavoring to save those of his comrads and fellow laborers:

Martin Cooney is the name of a boy who, deep down in the horrid depths of the Pitson mine, performed a deed of heroic self-sacrifice which shames into significance the actions by which many happier men have climbed to fame and honor. Cooney and a companion stood at the bottom of the shaft as the car was about to ascend for the last time. High above them roaring flame and blinding smoke and the crash of falling timbers were fast closing up the narrow way to light and life; below them in the gloomy pit were a score of men working on, unconscious of their deadly peril. Cooney, with one foot upon the car, thought of his endangered friends. He proposed to his companion that they should return and warn the miners of their threatened fate. His companion refused to go, and then Cooney, without a moment's hesitation, but with full consciousness that he had chosen almost certain death, leaped from the car and groped his way back through the grimy darkness. It was too late; the miners had closed the ventilating door before he reached them, and standing there, between that immovable barrier and the shaft, the hot breath of the fiery pit poured in upon him in a pitiless blast, and so he died. He was but a lad, poor, unlearned, and probably unconscious of possession of the higher virtues, and yet he died as great and noble a death as a man can ever die. He deliberately sacrificed his own life in an attempt to save those of his friends. Here is a theme for the most exalted genius. Compared with this poor boy, how quickly do the profane and slangy heroes of the coarse potastaers of the Hay school sink into contempt; and how unworthy and insufficient seems the fiction in which they are placed! It is from such persons as this poor and obscure lad, doing deeds of infinite heroism with a simplicity that is altogether pathetic, that we learn that the purer and higher qualities of the race—the qualities which reveal the presence of the spark of Divinity in the soul, exist even yet in the humblest of mankind.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE OLDEN TIME.

XIV.

I shall now begin with the older land marks of Market street. On the eastern corner of Water street was the liquor shop of H. G. Smith and next to that was the dwelling house and silversmith shop of Zachariah Tannehill, after which came the baking and biscuit factory of John and Ralph Davis, while on the corner was the tinshop of Billy Barton. On the opposite corner was the large brick store and dwelling house of Theo. Mazurie and Isaac Roberts, adjoining the old and ever reliable Franklin Head book store of Cramer, Spear & Eichbaum. Next above was the saddlery of Jesse and William Hamilton and then, on the corner of Second street, John Linton's tailor shop. On the opposite corner was the store of Robt. Graham and Dennis S. Scully, and then the boot and shoe shop of James Harrison, next to which was the saddlery of Peter Kintner. Christopher Steele's nail factory adjoined this and then came the dry goods and grocery store of Cheap Jimmy Wiley, while on the corner was the grocery of Bond & Pinkerton.

The square between Third and Fourth streets was then, and for many long years after, known as Molly Murphy's Clapboard Row, and was occupied by stores, on the corner was Nicholas Cunningham's, next John Douthetts shoe shop, then Jas. McCandless' store, next the tin shop of Adam and John Sheriff, then the shops of D. & J. C. Gilleland and Edward Jones and, at the corner of Fourth street, were Wm. and John Hill, who, in addition to their general merchandize, had at one time the agency of some eastern lottery companies, a business which was not, at that time prohibited by law. This corner was occupied, more recently, by the late John Burgess.

Across Fourth street was the store of Mr. John Irwin, and in that square were also the stores of George Allison and Barker and Davis, and on the corner of the Diamond was the leather store of Irwin and Havens. It may be as well here to go around the east side of the Diamond, which was occupied almost exclusively by small stores; one of these was kept by a Mr. Cowan, and another was used as an auction room by Mr. Grant. At the south east corner was the dwelling of Mr. Lewis Peters, and north of that the hat and fur shop of Robert Peebles; then, after passing a few small shops, we reach the grocery and liquor store of Mr. Robert Simpson, on the corner of Diamond alley, kept later by the Dalzell family.

On the opposite corner of the alley was the grocery and rope warehouse of Boyle Irwin, which was kept later by James Duff as a liquor shop which got the name of Hole in the Wall. Next came the auction and commission house of Joseph Davis, who was the father of the late John D. Davis and had, I think, the first auction store in the town. Adjoining this was the dwelling and doctor shop of Doctors Peter Mowry and Shepley R. Holmes, then our most eminent physicians. Next door lived Doctor Joel Lewis, father of the present amiable Mrs. Thomas J. Bingham. Then there was a wagon yard belonging to the Black Bear tavern.

Walking westward around the Diamond, we came to two or three small stores, in one of which Mr. James Park commenced his mercantile career, and he afterwards became one of the largest and most successful merchants in the place. Extending from the north to the south ends of the Diamond along Market street, there was a narrow market house where markets were held twice a week. At the end of the market house a cake, candy and apple stand was occupied by an old woman named Mrs. Watson, (or Mother Cake,) who by her toil and industry accumulated enough capital to embark in mercantile pursuits in Diamond alley, where she, for a number of years, did a flourishing trade.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTRACTIV

A

WILLIAM

AT 12½ CENTS.

PLAID NANKINETS.

12½c., Mixed Wash Poplins.
12½c., Armure Delaines.
12½c., Light Delaines.
12½c., Plain and Figured Grenadines.
25c., Plain and Plaid Japanese Poplins.
25c., Plain and Corded Alpacas, all colors.
37½c., Black and Colored Pure Mohair Alpacas.

BLACK HERNANIS.

DRESS LINENS.

Plain and Striped Chambrays.
Striped and Figured Piques.
Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsooks.
Lawns, Poplins and Chintzes.

CASSIMERES.

Summer Pant Stuffs.
Jeans and Cottonades.
Plain and Striped Linen Drills.
Gents' Shirts and Summer Underwear.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

Sheeting Muslins, all widths.
Pillow Case and Shirting Muslin.
Marseilles and Honey Comb Quilts.
Table Linens, Towels and Table Napkins, at the Lowest prices.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

SUITS, SUITS,
Lawn Suits,
Linen Suits.

MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 Fifth Avenue.

We take pleasure in announcing that we are receiving a full and choice line of

Lawn and Linen Suits,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
ALL NEW STYLES
IN
Lama Lace Sacques,
Lama Lace Points.
Lama Lace Overdress.
A FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Spring Shawls,
Black Silks,
Japanese Silks,
Pure Silks,
IN BLACK AND WHITE.
LACE CURTAINS AND NETS.
Silk Mantles,
Foulard Silks,
AT LOW PRICES.

21 Fifth Avenue.

WHOLESALE.
Morganstern & Co.,
78 and 80 MARKET STREET.

1,000 doz. RIBBED HOSE.
2,000 doz. PLAIN COTTON HOSE.
4,000 doz. MEN'S HALF HOSE.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS—a complete stock.
A RIBBONS at Eastern prices.
WHITE GOODS OF ALL KINDS.
MARSEILLES AND COTTON TRIMMINGS.
A splendid selection of

PIQUES,
AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.

Embroideries all widths.
ROYAL DUKE PAPER COLLARS.
ARAGO COLLARS.
BOZ COLLARS.
DICKENS COLLARS.

SPOOL COTTONS.
ALL THE STANDARD MAKES.

Country storekeepers will find it to their advantage to look through our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

MORGANSTERN & CO.,
78 and 80 MARKET STREET.

LOOKING GLASSES.
Pickersgill, Lyons & Co.,
No. 141 WOOD STREET,
Invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of
LOOKING GLASSES
AND
PictureFrames
Embracing many new styles. Also, American, German and French Chromos, which we offer at reasonable prices.
FINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES a specialty. au3-pcs-TTHS

STEAM HEATING.
Craig Brothers,
129 SECOND AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
Are prepared to contract for heating with the unrivalled apparatus, public or private buildin by indirect or direct radiation
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gold's Patent Cast Iron Radiator.
Would refer to the following buildings heate by us:
PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
LIBRARY HALL BUILDINGS.
SEMPLE'S DRY GOODS HOUSE
ALLEGHENY COUNTY COURT HOUSE
SECOND WARD SCHOOL BUILDING.
With Numerous Private Buildings.
ap28:33-TTh

JULIUS RICHTER,
Caterer and Confectioner,
Nos. 16 & 17 Allegheny Diamond,
Is prepared to furnish fairs, festivals and *fetes* with the best of Ice Creams, Water Ices, Fruits and Confections at the lowest wholesale prices. Fancy Tables, Pyramids and all the china, glass and table furniture requisite for the most extensive banquets supplied at reasonable rates.
my25:13

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

FIFTH INVOICE OF X L ALL REFRIGERATOR ICE CHESTS at HUBLEY'S, 68 Federal street, Allegheny. my26

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

E PRICES.
AT
SEMPLE'S

NEW HATS AND BONNETS,
Ribbons and Flowers.

Laces and Embroideries.
Infants' Embroidered Robes and Waists.
New Styles Lace Collars.
Ladies' Corsets and Underwear.
White Gimps and Pique Trimmings.
Black and Colored Silk Fringes.
Handkerchiefs, Hosiery and Gloves.

SUMMER SHAWLS
Lace Shawls,
Shetland Shawls,
Thibet Shawls,
Broche Shawls.

SUMMER SKIRTS.
75c. White Woven Skirts.
65c. Fancy Gored Skirts.
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.

Fans! Fans! Fans!

Ladies' and Children's LINEN SUITS, Very Cheap,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

DRY GOODS
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
Offer their
New Spring Stock
AT EASTERN PRICES.
Lowest in Nine Years.
No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON, J. G. STEPHENSON.
mh28:o

BAILEY & C°
Chestnut and 12th Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA,
JEWELERS & SILVERSMITHS,
Have completed arrangements with leading Makers in Europe, by which they are now enabled to offer
Fine Watches,
At very moderate prices.
Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
Goods sent by Express on approval.
Strangers are cordially invited to visit our establishment.
Watches.
TTHS

American Watches.
Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest Prices in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.
FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.
ap22:pcs

10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
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10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00

These are the
LEADING PRICES
AT
EVANS'
DEPARTMENT
STORE,
56 Fifth Avenue,
MASONIC HALL.

THE
BALTIMORE AMERICAN
And Commercial Advertiser.
ESTABLISHED IN
MORNING, 1774 AND WEEKLY
AFTERNOON, EDITIONS.
Merchants and others in Pittsburgh and vicinity seeking Southern and Western trade will find THE AMERICAN an advertising medium unsurpassed by any newspaper South, and a prominent first-class business and family journal. THE AMERICAN has a large and rapid y increasing circulation along the line of all the railroads connecting Pittsburgh and Baltimore. Specimen copies sent free.
CHAS. C. FULTON & SON,
ap29 BALTIMORE, MD.

WALL PAPER.
Spring Styles.
STENCIL and PLAIN TINTS, with borders.
ELEGANT STAMPED GOLD PAPERS.
Every variety of PANEL WORK for Halls, Dining Rooms, Vestibules, Churches.
These have been selected with great care and are the choicest in the market.
W. P. MARSHALL,
ap26:pcs 191 LIBERTY ST., above Sixth.

Mr. ALEX. FINLAY,
Late with John S. Shaffer, of Diamond street Pittsburgh, will be glad to see any and all of his old friends and customers at the Repository of
Workman & Davis,
79 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny,
Where they will find the largest assortment of Carriages, Pony Phaetons, &c., in the two cities, at reduced prices.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"AKRON SEWER PIPE CO."
(Late Hill & Adams,)
Manufacture highly vitrified Stone Pipe for Sewer and Water purposes, both ring and socket from 1 to 24 inch calibre. Contractors and Plumbers supplied at lowest prices. Wholesale and Retail dealers in Chimney Tops, Flues, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Tile, &c. Are also
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE
Johnstown Improved Hydraulic Cement,
This Cement is equal to any cement made in the United States, in many respects better than the Louisville Cement or the Rosendale, and decidedly better in all respects than the Uniontown or Akron Cement. It has a smaller amo nt of shrinkage, sets gradual, bears as much sand

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

ap2-cod

$100,000

Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

(TURTLE CREEK DIVISION.)

These Bonds are a first lien on the road now fully completed and in running order, and take precedence of the 7 per cent. bonds, are dated 1858, for thirty years, with interest, payable February and August.

For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

my2-tf5

James T. Brady & Co.,

BANKERS,

Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

Financial Agents of United States FOR FUNDED LOAN Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, May 31, 1871.

Robinson Brose, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
Bonds—1881	117¾	117¾
" 1868	111¾	111¾
" 1864	111¾	111¾
" 1865	111¾	111¾
" 1865 new	113¾	113¾
" 1867	113¾	113¾
" 1868	113¾	113¾
10-40s	109¾	109¾
Currency 6s	115¾	115¾
Gold	111¾	111¾

RAILWAYS.

New York Central	99¾	99¾
Do Scrip	93¾	93¾
Erie	30¾	30¾
Reading	118¾	118¾
Lake Shore	114	114
Fort Wayne & Pittsburgh	120¾	120¾
Rock Island	121¾	121¾
Chicago & N. W.	86¾	86¾
Do. Preferred	93¾	93¾
St. Paul, Common	62	62
Do. Preferred	81¾	82
Wabash	65¾	65¾
Do. Preferred	81	81
Ohio & Mississippi	49¾	49¾
Pacific Mail	48¾	48¾
West. Union Telegraph	58¾	58¾
Adams Express	54¾	54¾
U. S. Express	54	54
Wells, Fargo	46	46

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	111¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '65	113¾
U. S. 6s 1881	117¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	114
U. S. 5-20 1862	111¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	114
U. S. 5-20 1864	111¾	Pacific 6s	88¾
U. S. 5-20 1865	111¾	C. P. R. R.	100
U. S. 10-40	109¾	Cy. Pacific	115¾

NEW YORK, May 31, 1871.

Gold sold at 111¾@111¾. Loans were made at from 1 to 2 per cent. for carrying; from 2 to 1-32 of 1 per cent., for use. Clearings, $7,000,000. Governments were steady during the morning, but after the second call advanced from ⅛@⅛ per cent., closing at the advance. At the government purchase the amount offered was $4,05[illegible],200 at from 111-05 to 111-71; awards were $2,000,000 at from 111-05 to 111-10. The above sold irregular; Rock Island, Lake Shore and Pacific Mail were strong, while Ohio, Western Union Telegraph and New York Central have been weak. The depression in the latter was caused by a misstatement in a dispatch, announcing that Commodore Pleasanton had ordered the immediate collection of the five per cent., and on the Scrip dividend, and in case of default to stop the road. The different cliques have been buying all day. There is quite a large export of interest in the market, and the inquiries are that the bulls will bid the market up before the end of the week. Pittsburgh has been one of the features of the market, opening at 120 and selling up to 122. The market closed dull but firm. Three failures in the cotton market was reported this day. Money plenty at 3 per cent. Southern bonds weak in Tennessees and Virginias, but steady in balance of the list.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 58¾; Quicksilver, 13; Mariposa, 2; do preferred, 6; Adams Express, 54¾; Wells & Fargo Express, 46; American Union 6s, 56; United States 6s, 54¾; Pacific Mail, 47¾; New York Central, 99¾; Erie, 30¼; do preferred, 53; Harlem, 133; do preferred, 134; Reading, 118¾; Michigan Central, 124; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 121¾; North Western, 86¾; do preferred, 93¾; Rock Island, 122; New York, Chicago & St. Paul, 62; do preferred, 81; Fort Wayne, 99¾; Terre Haute, 29; do preferred 34¾; Chicago & Alton, 109; do preferred, 126; Ohio & Mississippi, 49¾; C., C. & I., 87¾; Baltimore & Ohio, 115; Lake Shore, 113¾; Illinois Central, 138¾; Cumberland Coal, 34; Central Pacific bonds, 88¾; United States bonds, 92¾.

Sterling exchange 10[illegible].

GOVERNMENT BONDS.—Coupons 1871, 117¾; 5-20's, '62, 111¾; '64, 111¾; '65, 111¾; new, 113¾; '67, 113¾; '68, 113¾; 10-40's, 109¾; currency 6s, 115¾.

STATE BONDS.—Missouri 95; Tennessee, old, 75; do new 71; Virginia new 74; do old 69; N. C. old 47; do new 26.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, May 31, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4¾@4¾; Pearls, 9@9¼; Pots, 7¾@7¾.

BUTTER—The market continues dull, and, notwithstanding the receipts are comparatively light, the supply is in excess of the demand, which is unusually small. We continue to quote at 12@14 for fair to good and 15@16 for strictly prime. Grease butter unchanged at 9@10.

BEANS—There is some inquiry for choice New and the market is almost bare. We would buy a hundred more. Common and inferior hard to sell at any price.

BROOM CORN—Very dull: we can report occasional small sales at 5@6, as to quality.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 25@30 cts.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50@2.75 per bbl

Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50.

CARBON OIL—Is firm but quiet; standard brands, in a jobbing way, 23@23½—about one cent more in small lots.

CHEESE—Is dull, and, with continued liberal receipts, the market is weak with every prospect of a still further decline; we continue to quote at 14¾@15 for prime Goshen; 13½@14 for factory and 11¾@12¾ for Dairy.

CANNED GOODS—Butter firmer and more active but unchanged. 3 lb Peaches, $2.25@2.50 per dozen; 2 lb do, $1.75@2.50; Tomatoes, $2.25@2.75, the outside figure for Winslow's manufacture.

CORN MEAL—We can report small sales at 80@90 cts per bushel.

COUNTRY BACON—Demand is rather better, but as yet the inquiry is mainly for small lots; we continue to quote shoulders at 6¾@7¾; ribbed sides, 7¾@7¾; clear sides, 8¾@8¾; hams, 10@12½. Country lard 9¾@9¾.

EGGS—The receipts are only moderate, but as yet the supply seems to be sufficient to meet present requirements and prices remain unchanged, 19@20—dealers generally refuse to sell fresh below the outside quotation.

FLOUR—Is firm but there is no excitement and no change to make in quotations. Some dealers begin to be impressed with the belief that prices are likely to rule higher, being apprehensive that the winter crop has been injured in many localities, and the yield in the aggregate will probably be lighter than it has been for many years. We continue to quote good spring extras at $5; choice bakers flour, $5.25; good to choice red winter wheat, $5.50@5.75; choice do wheat, $5.75@6. Rye Flour, for small lots, in store, $6.

FEATHERS—Scarce and in demand, with sales of No. 1 live geese feathers at 70@75—quality of advance in a small way.

FRUITS—Green apples scarce and may be quoted at $3.50 per bbl. Dried Apples unchanged at 6@7 cts as to quality. Dried cherries, 10@11 for quarters; 11½@12½ for peaches, 10@11 for Plums, 6@7 for Blackberries, mixed, and 14@15c for Huckleberries. Lemons, 6.50; Lee, 7.50; Oranges, $6.50. Prunes, 10¾ for Turkish. 9@12 for French. Currants, 10¾@11 cts. Layer Raisins at $3.50 per box; Valencia's, 13 cts per pound.

GRAIN—Wheat continues scarce and the mills are taking all that offers at quotations. We sold 47 for common to prime red, and $1.53@1.57 for white; we can report a sale of medium white at $1.55. It is very singular that wheat should be worth less relatively here than it is in almost any of the leading western markets; yet it is true. Corn is somewhat weakened under the influence of slightly increased receipts but as yet there is no decline, 59@60 cts being and 62@65c selling—small lots in store, etc. It is expected, however, that prices are too much inflated here, as compared with the eastern markets, and if so will further decline soon, that there are a good many lots held here in the country and that these have yet to be thrown upon the market. Oats is very dull, and the tendency is downward; we hear of mixed car being offered at 65@66c, that is for car load lots in bulk—small lots may be quoted at 70c. Rye—small lots may be quoted at 90, and round lots at 85@5 cts more. Notice of Barley, none in market—and the trading doing in Barley, none in market—and the season may be regarded as over.

GROCERIES—The grocery trade has been a little slow for some days past, and it is generally expected that it will continue slow for a day or more to come. The only new feature to notice is Sugars are easier and refineture to notice is Sugars are easier and refined-are lower. Coffees continue dull and weak, while Molasses and Syrups are quiet and unchanged.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 19; Prime, 18; Good, 17; Fair, 16¾; Roasting, 16@16¾.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—White Honey, 72; Silver Drips, 60; Golden Sirup, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11¾; prime, 11¾; good, 10¾; fully fair, 10¾; Porto Rico Sugars, 10¾@11¾; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 11¾@12¾.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 13¾; A Coffee, 12¾; "B," 12¾; Extra C, 12¾; C, yellow, 12¾.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1 40; Good, $1 10; Fair $1. Lower grades down to Pekoe. G. P. Fancy, $1 90; good, $1 60; fair, $1 30. Imperial Fancy, $1 80; good, $1 50; fair, $1 25. Oolong fancy, $1 25; good, 85cts; fair, 70@80c. Souchong fancy, $1 30; good, 90c; fair, 75c. Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10c; prime, 9¾c; good, 9c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 22c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 20c. Cassia, 50c.

HAY—Sales from country wagons, at $15@22 per ton. Baled is still quoted steady, on wharf, at $17@19.

HUSKS—Quoted at 2½@2¾ cts.

HIDES—Green salted (all weights) 10¾@11¾; green butchers (cow and steer) 7@8; green salted kip 14@16; do calf, 16@18 Dry.

HEMP—Rough Kentucky, $175 per ton; dressed, 14 cts per lb.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2.25 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

MAPLE SYRUP—The season is about over; offered to-day from country wagons, at $1.50@2.00 per gallon according to quality.

MILL FEED—Sales from store, in a jobbing way, at $16.50 for Bran; $1.65@1.85 for middlings and $2.50 for oil meal.

OILS—Lard Oil is weak and drooping; we continue to quote No. 1, at 88@90.

OIL CAKE—Higher, 10@10½ cts.

PEA NUTS—Higher, 10@10½ cts.

POTATOES—The market is weak and firm but there is no change to make in quotations; prime Peach Blows, $1.25 by the car load and $1.35 for small lots in store. It is expected that the receipts will increase materially within the next week.

PROVISIONS—Plain Bacon Shoulders, 7¾@7¾; Sugar Cured Canvassed, 10¾; Canvassed Sugar Cured Hams, 14¾@15; Breakfast Bacon, Canvassed, 14; Ribbed Sides, 12¾ cent., the latter a decline of ½ a cent per pound, and had the arrivals been up to the usual average, the reduction would have been still greater. As will be seen, there was one bunch sold at $6.20, and this was the only sale above 6 cts, against several sales last week at 6¾. The eastern markets continue heavy, with a steady drooping tendency, and, notwithstanding prices are thought low, cattle are worth fully as much here, relatively, as they are in the east.

	No.	Wght.	Price
Holmes, Lafferty & Co. sold for:			
Pfeffer to Hickman	20	20,580	5 60
Pfeffer to Mullagher	8	19,230	
Kunkle to Kelly	18	23,880	5 75
Pfeffer to Kelly	34	41,030	5 75
Busick to Fetzer	16	16,180	
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
Brooks to Pearce	28	30,100	5 75
Brooks to Mullagher	6	7,360	5 25
Ferguson Gallagher	14	18,900	6 00
Ferguson to Hillegrass & Co	34	38,440	6 00
R. McGeorge to Foster	27	31,640	6 00
John McGeorge to Foster	7	7,900	5 60
Hazlewood & R. sold for:			
Coleman to Hickman	11	14,140	6 00
Wall to Hickman	6	6,870	6 00
Mallory to Miller	18	18,070	5 75
Barnes to Gallagher	14	18,900	6 00
Sadler, Haven & Haven sold for:			
Sadlemyer to Gallagher	12	17,030	4 25
Smith & Watson sold for:			
Peters to Reakenbocker	17	20,330	6 20
Keller & Ulery sold for:			
Gurliams to Gallagher	48	61,690	5 80

MISCELLANEOUS SALES.

Kahn to Kelly	8	20,280	5 70
Glenecke to Black	3	2,980	5 50
" " Fultz	1	1,180	5 90
" " Fultz	12	14,780	5 25
" " Gallagher	3	3,112	6 00

SHEEP.

The arrivals have been fair this week, but with a diminished demand the market has been rather sluggish while prices remain unchanged. Clipped may be quoted at 3@5 cts. for common to extra but very few sales made at the outside figure. If the receipts should fall off during the balance of the week the market will probably improve, as was the case last week, and there may be a slight advance established between this and Saturday, though it is hardly probable.

	No.	Wght.	Price.
Hazlewood & Blackstock sold for:			
Whittington to Lloyd	106	9,150	3 65
Crawford to Lloyd	206	18,630	4 20
McDonald to Erisman	100	8,140	4 00
Hazlewood & Taylor sold for:			
Booth to Lloyd	197	14,960	3 50
Jarrett Bro. to Erisman	83	9,680	5 12
Jarrett Bro. to Erisman	85	8,920	4 85
Reed to Lloyd	217	17,470	3 75
Jackson to Gallagher	330	26,910	3 90
Keller & Ulery sold for:			
Heath to Erisman...lambs	176	9,060	7 62
Heath to Erisman	99	5,350	4 50

HOGS.

It was thought on Saturday and Monday, that a reaction in the hog market was close at hand, but the events of yesterday and today, would indicate that the prospects were not well founded. Prices as compared with Monday are off 15@20 cts per cwt, and to-day quote at 4½@4¾ for common and prime.

	No.	Wght.	Price.
Hazlewood & Blackstock sold for:			
Mallory to Smith	102	21,950	4 70
Mallory to Imhoff	104	22,710	4 80
Mallory to Smith	113	21,060	4 55
Mallory to Reynolds	76	20,800	4 75
Smith, Watson & Briggs sold for:			
Graham to Hoover	54	10,470	4 50
Pinker & Co. to Imhoff	39	9,270	4 60
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
Fast to Erisman	57	10,950	4 50
Whiteside to Erisman	45	9,250	4 50
Craig to Hoovever	120	20,470	4 60
Bell to Hoovever	66	12,410	4 60
Eldridge to Hoovever	107	15,480	4 60
Sadler, Haven & Co. sold for:			
Mulvihill to Hoovever	489	96,460	4 75
Sadler, H & Co. to Hoovever	7	1,550	4 50
Smithfield & S to Hoovever	95	20,080	4 40
Rusherford & H to Gillett	59	13,150	4 40
Keller & Ulery sold for:			
Davis to Graves	50	12,840	4 30

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, May 31, 1871.

The oil market was very dull to-day; both here and in the east, so far as we could learn there was little or nothing done, excepting in the way of making settlements this being the last day of the month. Spot crude was held pretty firmly in consequence of the fact just noted, while futures were weak and lower, both here and on the creek. Spot refined, as compared with Monday is off ¾ of a cent and dull and, futures were also dull and a shade lower. In fact the markets were weak all around, and the feeling generally a little bearish.

CRUDE.

No sales. Some May settlements were reported on a basis of 10¾. Seller June quoted at 10¾; buyer until July offered at 13¾ against 13¾ bid yesterday; buyer all year 14; seller all year offered at 12¾.

REFINED.—Nothing was put in type we have the following sales reported: 1,000 seller all year at 12¾; 1,000 buyer all year at 13¾; 1,000 seller June at 13¾; 1,000 same at 13; 6 cars spot at Parker at $5.15.

REFINED.

As in the case of crude, not a single reported. Spot sold in Philadelphia at 25¾; June quoted at 25¾; July, 26¾; July to September offered at 26¾. Spot oil is off fully ¼ of a cent within past 48 hours.

OIL RECEIPTS BY A. V. R. R.

Cosmos Oil Works 856, account: H McKelvy; Kier's Oil Co 495, account Tyne Hackett; Commercial O W 474, account P Hutchinson; Citizens O W 450, account Thos Hackett; Peerless O W 384, accounts Duncan & Co 2 bbl Citizens O W 76, account Bates & Co Forsyth's O W 80, account 80, W Stewart; Forsyth's 610, account H Barnes; Keystone 1,000, account J Barnhour; Union O W 560, account Parker, T & Co; Superior O W 462, account T Hackett; Model O W 74, account Hughes & Gi; Stone G O 80, account L Hepler; Riverside O W 154, account J Wilkins; Star O W 314, account Bennett.

Total.....5,898.

SHIPPED PER WEST PENN R. R.

Ralston & W, 306 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K & Co., Phila.

Collins, Bly & Co. 370 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Union Refining Co. 156 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Total.....832 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R.

J. M Riter, 267 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros & Co., Phila.

Brown & W sister 450 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer & Koehler & Co.,200 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K & Co., Phila.

P. Weisenberger 308 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, F & Co., 50 bbls crude oil to Warden, F & Co., Phila.

Forsyth Bros., 158 bbls refined oil to Warden F. & Co., Phila.

Livingston & Bro., 200 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Wm. McKelvy & Co. 350 bbls refined oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Philadelphia.

National Ref Co. 453 bbls ref oil to Warden, F & Co., Phila.

Total.....2,896 bbls.

[By P. & A. Telegraph.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—12 M.—Crude 15c. Refined, spot, 25¾c; June, 25¾c; July, 26¾c; June to September, 26¾c bid.

5 P. M.—Spot 25¾@25¾c. June and July 25¾@26c; June to September 26¾. Crude 15¾c. asked but no sales reported.

NEW YORK, May 31.—12 M.—Market quiet but firm; refined 25¾@25¾c; crude 15¾c asked but no sales reported.

5 P. M.—Market very quiet. Settlements were made in refined for May at 25¾@25¾, Crude 15c and no sales.

TITUSVILLE, May 31, 9 P. M.—The market was quiet to-day on the Creek, and a general dullness existed outside owing to the public observation of Decoration Day. Prices remained nominal and the market was quite firm until the close. A shade of weaker feeling was observable, though holders of oil were not inclined to sell at anything less than the best prices of the past few days. On Monday per Creek $4.95@5.00 was bid for spot, with a few sellers at $5. On the Lower Creek from $5.10 to $5.20 was bid for regulars, and asked of gravity at $5.25. We quote the following sales: 1,000 bbls Upper b o first six months $5.10; 1,000 bbls Upper regular $5.00; 1,000 Upper spot $5; 500 Upper spot $5.10; 500 Upper $4.95; 3,500 Upper $4.90 to 500 Upper spot $4.95; 1,000 at Petroleum Centre at $5.00; 1,000 at Lower Creek at $5.10; 2,000 lower $5.10; 1,000 Lower $5.15; 500 at Rouseville $5.20; 500 at Rouseville $5.30; 1,000 at Rouseville b s at $5.25; 1,000 at Oil City $5.30; 1,000 at Oil City $5.47; 2 cars at $5.35.

OIL CITY, May 31, 11:30 A. M.—Market quiet; little doing on the Lower Creek $5.10 was bid, $5.15@5.20 asked; small sale this morning at $5.17½; Oil City about $5.35. Weather clear and hot.

3 P. M.—Market weaker at $5@5.05.

TIDIOUTE, May 31.—Market firm at $5.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 31.—Tobacco sales 231 hhds; lugs $4.75@6.00; low to medium leaf $6.50@8.50. Cotton firmer and prices advanced; middling held 16¾@16¾c. Flour firm; extra family selling at $6.75@7.00. Grain quiet and firm; sales 1,000 bushels. Red winter wheat $1.55@1.60. Other grain unchanged. Provisions dull at yesterday's quotations; 8¾c offered for sides clear rib, but generally held at 9¾c; packed sales made to-day $1.00 cash; sides clear rib 8¾c. Whisky more enquiry and firm 88c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 31, 1871.

FLOUR—Extra spring dull.

WHEAT—No 2 spring weaker and 1c lower at $1.26@1.27 for cash; this afternoon steady at $1.25¾@1.25½ June.

CORN—No 2 mixed quiet but ¼c lower, and closed at 57¾c for cash; this afternoon dull at 57¾c June.

OATS—No 2 ¾@¾c lower, and closed at 48¾@48¾c cash.

RYE—No 2 1c lower at 82@83c.

BARLEY—No 2 dull at 67@68c.

HIGHWINES—Steady at 88c.

PROVISIONS—Dull; mess pork closed at $14.87½5 cash; $14.75 June.

LARD—9¾c cash; 10c June.

MEATS—Unchanged.

HOGS—Dull at $4.50@4.65.

CATTLE—Dull at $3.85@5.75.

RECEIPTS—Flour 5,000 head.

SHIPMENTS—3,000 head.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Cotton active and advanced; middling uplands at 17¾. Flour firm; superfine western and State at $5.00@5.90; common to good extra $6.10@6.25; good and choice $6.75@6.90; white western extra at 6.80@7.15; Ohio extra at $6.25@6.90. St. Louis at $6.25@9.00. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky quiet at 92@92¾c. Wheat closed dull, new spring $1.48¾@1.49; red amber at $1.66@1.70; white Michigan at $1.81. Rye, barley and malt quiet. Corn firm; western mixed unchanged 60@62c; sound 74@75c; yellow at 77@78c. Oats dull and unchanged; Western and Ohio 64@67c. Leather firm 25½@26c; Orinco 24@24½c. Wool scarce and firm; extra Ohio 54@56c; pulled 48@52c. Coffee quiet. Hops steady; State 8@12c; Western 6@9c. Coffee dull and drooping; Rio 13@16c. Sugar dull and drooping; Cuba 9¾@9¾c. Molasses dull and nominal; Cuba Muscovada 30@45c; Porto Rico 50@56c. Rice 8¾@9¾c. Crude petroleum 14¾c; refined 25¾@26c. Pork steady and in moderate demand; mess $15.25@15.00; prime pork 15@16c; prime mess new $15.50@14.50; clear mess $18. Beef quiet; mess $10@15; extra $14@17; hams $22@29c; prime mess $30@35; India $22@28. Cut meats inactive, 10@12½c; middles 12½@13c; long clear dull. Lard steady; prime steam 9¾@10c; kettle dried 10½c. Butter dull; western 10½@23c; State 19@25c. Cheese quiet and steady.

Metals.—Copper: Ingot 21¾@21¾c. Iron: Scotch pig in buyers favor at 30@35c; do Unlisted Scotch firm at 32@33c; bars 3½c; Russia sheet 11½@12c gold. Cut nails at $4.75; clinch $6.25@6.75; horse shoe 10@10½.

LARD—Flour dull and shade lower at $6.65@6.80; shipping extra Wheat dull and shade lower; spring $1.48@1.49; red amber $1.66@1.68. Oats and corn quiet and steady. Lard dull at 10¾@10¾; August 11¾. Eggs steady at 17@17¾.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Market generally quiet but steady and firm. We view extreme prices prevalent for raw material; holders of cotton goods are looking for an advance so soon as the fall trade opens; meanwhile limited inquiry prevails for local trade at uniform rates. Agawam 7 brown sheetings have risen from 8¾ to 8¾c; stark A and American A cotton bags which have been selling down as low as 32¾@33¾c respond to-day and advanced to 35@36c; in other descriptions of textiles there is no particular change worthy of notice.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—Cotton excited and higher; middling 17¾c. Flour scarce and firm; family $6.80@7.00. Wheat scarce and firm; No. 1 $1.47@1.49. Corn firm at 53c. Rye dull but unchanged, $1.00@1.05. Oats steady, at 52@55c. Groceries firm. Linseed oil 83c. Lard oil dull but unchanged, at 92@93c. Lard and all other provisions dull and unsettled. Pork nominally $16 with no demand. Lard 10c; no sales. Bulk shoulders 8¾@8¾c; clear sides 10¾@10¾c. Butter scarce and firm; as regards western reserve, 20@22c; other kind dull but unchanged. Cheese dull; factory 13@14c. Whisky dull and unsettled. Pork nominally $16 with no demand. Lard 10c; no sales. Bulk shoulders 8¾@8¾c; clear sides nominally. Bacon sold at 8¾c. Shoulders 8¾@8¾c. Sides clear rib and clear closing dull. Tobacco firm. Whisky firm at 88c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 31.—Flour steady. Wheat do No. 2 Wabash $1.50; No. 2 white Michigan $1.53; regular do $1.44; amber Michigan $1.44¾; No. 1 red Wabash $1.46; No. 2 do $1.44; No. 3 do $1.40; rejected red $1.35. Corn steady; higher mixed 57¾c; low do 56¾c; yellow 57½c; Michigan 56¾c; white 58c. Oats quiet and unchanged No. 1 35@35½c; No. 2 33; Michigan 34¾c. Freights to Buffalo 3c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, May 31.—River falling with three feet scant on Harpeth shoals. Weather warm and cloudy. Cotton advancing; low middling 16c. Bacon clear sides 15c; sugar 13c; shoulders 2c. Sugar cured hams 18½c packed. Lard 12c. Corn 70c. Oats 70c. Flour $5.25 to 8.00.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—Flour steady; western family $6.50@7.35; Ohio and Indiana $7@7.50. Wheat firm; Indiana red $1.65@1.67. Rye quiet and unchanged. Corn dull and unchanged; yellow 76@76c; mixed western 72@74c. Oats firm at 68@70c. Whisky dull at 94c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, May 31.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 1 red winter at $1.47; No 2 held at $1.44. Corn dull at 59c; high mixed 58c; low do 57c. Oats dull and unchanged at 37c. Petroleum firm; crude $5.60; Refined 24c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 active at $1.28¾ cash; $1.26¾ seller June; No. 1 $1.28. Oats—No. 2 weak at 38c. Corn—No. 2 at 52c. Rye dull and unchanged. Barley dull.

Cotton Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Cotton firmer at 16¾c.

CHARLESTON, May 31.—Cotton firm at 16¾c.

MOBILE, May 31.—Cotton firm at 16c.

GALVESTON, May 31.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 15¾c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, May 31.—Through.—Arbuckles & Co., 100 bbls soap, 582 bags coffee; E & C Magin, 98 bags confections; Schomaker & Co, 19 bbls fish, 20 bbls sugar, 25 bbls do, 10 bbls do, 10 bbls do, 67 bbls confections; Kramer & V, 18 pkgs confections; W Cooper & Co, 11 bbls groceries; B L Fahnestock, 14 pkgs do; Haworth & D, 6 bbls sugar, etc; G A Kelly, 10 pkgs drugs; J H Lippincott, 118 pkgs groceries; W S Wallace, 12 bbls do; Hamilton & Mellon, 4 pkgs groceries; Carr, McCandless & Co; 3 bxs dry goods; Dilworth, H & Co, 100 bbls sugar; W Cormier, 100 pkgs do; Hussey, Wells & Co, 45 pkgs drugs; W Miller & Co, 21 pkgs midse; G W McClure, 11 pkgs groceries; Atwell & Co, 110 bxs can fruit; S P Shriver & Co, 180 do do, 55 bgs coffee, 10 bxs tobacco; Watt, Lang & Co; 5 bbls sugar, 1 bag rice; Atwell & Co, 40 bbls sugar; Dunlavy & Bro, 15 bxs raisins; W H Kirkpatrick & Co, 12 bbls fish, 3 bxs butter, S Lindsay & Co, 10 bbls sugar; McCurdy, H & Co, 2 bxs dry goods, W Means, 21 bbls sugar; Reymer & Bro, 49 bxs lemons; W D Rinehart, 7 bbls molasses; Shipley & Co, 41 bbls sugar; Holtzman & W, 4 bags hair. Johnson & Co, 9 bags rice; Kopp, Horn & G, 1 cask prunes; Lemmon & Bro, 3 casks starch; Dilworth, Lea & Co, 1 bx d goods; M McKim & Co, 4 bbls liquor; R W & L C Miller, 8 pkgs groceries; J C Mattern, 25 bxs wine; Linn, Irwin & Co, 1 bdl steel; Price, Stewart & Co, 30 machines; J L Patterson, 10 bbls groceries; Woodworth & Co 4 bbls fruit; J Blandford, 1 bxs d goods; Wm Ellis, 5 bxs d goods; Wm Ralston, 1 bale and 1 bx dry goods; Russel & K, 2 bxs shoes; H F Schwartz & Co, 4 bxs drugs, W Lea & K, 3 cartridges, 4 pkgs midse; J McCutcheon, 5 bxs h ware; E Groetzinger, 4 bags coffee; Wells Bro & Co, 2 bbls liquor; R & A Carson, 30 bbls sugar; McCracken & Co, 1 bx and 1 bale midse; C H Schwarzberg, 25 bbls sugar, 1 cask prunes; Rockfield & Co, 1 bx tea; Taggart & S, 1 bx midse; Tate & Alston, 20 bbls scythes, 2 bxs midse; J Lockhart, 8 pkgs groceries.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, May 31.—10 bbls spirits, McGrogan & Co; 10 bbls pickles, 1 car potatoes, Volgt, M & Co; 20 hf bbls pickles, Haworth, D & Co; 20 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 10 hf bbls pickles, W Cooper; 10 do do, Kramer & Co; 5 bbls pickled hams, F Seilers & Co; 15 hf bbls pickles, D W Garrett; 200 bbls flour, Shomaker & Co; 20 do do, Sagmuyer & V; 400 do do, Allen & Co; 200 bbls potatoes, Bricker & Co; 8 bbls eggs, Volgt, M & Co; 100 bgs malt, Pier, D & Co; 25 pkgs tob, Atwell & Lee; 5 bbls gin, S H Watson; 5 25 bxs soap, W Cooper & Co; 21 pails tobacco, Arnsthal & Son; 15 hf bbls fish, Head & M; 1 car ear corn, Schnelbach & H; 1 do do, A C Copeland; 1 do do, H L Weaver; 2 tubs butter, M W Harkin; 224 sks rags, R H McClelland; 5 bbls eggs, H Riddle; 25 bbls eggs, 2 kgs butter, P Duff & Son; 8 bdls leather, J Y McLaughlin, 4 bbls eggs, W D Cooper & Co; 10 bxs candles, Shipton & Wallace, 50 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 20 bbls potatoes, S B Floyd & Co; 50 bxs cheese, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 10 bbls do, J Rhoden; 77 do do, Woodworth & D; 25 do do, Vaagorder & S; 3 rolls leather, M Delange; 36 sks rags, C H Hussey; 10 bbls do, Co; 2 cars corn, H Lippincott; 10 bbls flour, 1 car grain, D Wallace; 21 sks oats, Henderson Bro; 15 bxs cheese, A Kirkpatrick; 20 bbls flour, L J Blanchard; 1 bbl eggs, W J Steel Bro; 10 bbls sugar, T K Wilson.

For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.

No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.

2d2:161 A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

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COMMISSION AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS.

Dealers in Flour, Pork, Bacon, Brooms, Dried Fruits, Seeds, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, and Produce generally.

No. 28 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Cor. Second Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Particular attention given to consignments.

ap5-1y

JOHN WALLACE.....JOHN AIKEN.

Aiken & Wallace,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEAL

HOME NEWS.

One case in Deputy Mayor Nichols, took up yesterday. Fined one dollar.

Flag Staff.—An immense flag staff is being erected on Seminary Hill. The stars and stripes will float from the top during fine weather.

The Board of Licensers.—This Court was in session yesterday and heard some sixty applications in the fourteenth list. No decisions were announced

A Boat.—Shortly after the rain subsided yesterday we noticed a number of bales of hay floating in the Allegheny river. Several men and boys set out in boats and succeeded in getting it all to shore.

Obituary.—Mr. J. L. Sautelle, well-known in Pittsburgh theatrical circles, and many years ago a popular member of the "Old Drury" company, died recently. Mr. S. had many warm friends about Pittsburgh.

Letters retained for postage:
Bovard, Hettie, Tinkers Run, Pa., 3 cents.
Buel, Oliver P., Troy, N. Y., 3.
Boss & Stackhouse, Philadelphia, Pa., 3.
Wells, Mrs. Robert, Wheeling, Va., 3.

Barn Struck.—During the storm yesterday a barn near Sewickly, belonging to Mr. Robert Davis, was struck by lightning and badly damaged. The storm was much more severe in that neighborhood than about the city.

Run over by Cars.—On Tuesday afternoon a teamster residing near Rochester, was run over by a train of the Ft. Wayne Railway and had one of his legs crushed off. It is thought that he was intoxicated at the time.

Fall of a Tunnel.—A large mass of rock and earth gave way at Cook's Run tunnel on the Pan Handle Railroad on yesterday completely blockading the road for the present. It is presumed that the debris will all be removed by this morning.

Decoration Day at M'Keesport.—The ceremonies of Decoration at M'Keesport were impressive and appropriate. Addresses by the ministers of the place were given at the Diamond and the cemeteries. The floral tributes were very beautiful.

Pocketbook Stolen.—On yesterday morning as a little girl was walking down Federal street with a pocketbook in her hand containing about five dollars, a thief snatched it from her hand and made good his escape. The officers are looking for him.

Big Oil Strike.—A dispatch from Franklin says: Company well No. 9, Angell & Prentice tract, commenced flowing through the casing to-day and is now producing about four hundred barrels. This well is about one hundred rods northwest from No. eleven, and its characteristics are about the same.

Free Speech.—A druken Hibernian succeeded in collecting a crowd around him last evening at the corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street. Of the merits of the impromptu discourse which he delivered in reference to free speak. The interference of an officer caused the assemblage to disperse very unceremoniously.

Larceny by Bailee.—Sarah Peoples yesterday made oath before Alderman Bergamo O'Donnell, charging Mallica Burns with larceny by bailee. Sarah alleged that Mallica had been entrusted with some household goods belonging to her, such as beds, bedding, chairs, clocks, &c., and when called upon to return the said articles she positively refused to do so. Warrant issued.

Personal.—Alderman Nicholson, who has for two weeks past been confined to his room by sickness, has so far recovered as to be able to attend to business. In a few days he proposes to start for the Magnetic Springs at St. Louis, Michigan, where he will sojourn for a time as a benefit to his health. We hope he may return ere long with abundance of good health.

Disorderly Conduct.—Margaret Shielel yesterday appeared before Alderman O'Donnell and charged Bernard Gass, Magdalena Gass and Martha Ramling with disorderly conduct. The parties reside in Union borough and the complaint alleges that the accused came to her house, called her all kinds of vile names and acted in a very disorderly manner. Held for hearing.

New Well on Church Run.—Well No. 2, owned by Emery, Patterson & Caldwell, on the Andy J. Kerr farm, commenced to flow yesterday morning at noon, and by actual measurement produced 15 barrels in two hours. From all indications the well may be rated at one hundred barrels per day, but like all other wells in that vicinity, will decrease after pumping a few days.

Badly Beaten.—John McGinnis appeared before Alderman McMasters yesterday with a battered countenance, and complained that John Crowley and John McCarty had assaulted him on Tuesday night at the corner of Grant street and Seventh alley, and that they did not leave him until both had made deep and lasting impressions on him. The accused were held to answer to the charge of assault and battery.

Match Game.—The Base Ball season here was inaugurated on Decoration day by the match game at Union Park, between the Enterprise club of Allegheny and the Seneca of Oil City. The game resulted in the defeat of the Alleghenians, although the score was a tie at the middle of the ninth inning. At the end of the game the score stood, Senecas 26—Enterprise 19. The return game between the clubs will be played at Oil City on the Fourth of July.

Union Noonday Prayer Meeting.—We learn that this interesting meeting is always well attended. Pardon Tillotson, Judge Kelly and Peter B. Simons, of Philadelphia, will take part in the meeting. Mr. Burnell is well known, and he is expected to be a welcome and Christian work for the past fourteen years, and Mr. Simons has been President of the Y. M. C. A., Philadelphia, for years. The public are invited dead-head for Union Monday meeting.

Serenaded.—On Monday evening the members of the A. P. Callow brass band, consisting of sixteen performers under the leadership of Mr. Callow, and Mr. C. M. Knopp's paid them a visit. After they were handsomely entertained, Hon. A. P. Callow, Hon. James I. Graham, J. D. Layng, Esq., Superintendent Graham, and Mr. Knopp, all made appropriate and cheering speech. P. F. W. & C. R. R. Dr. Thorn and Hon. Joseph Walton. The evening was one of very pleasant character.

A Family Quarrel.—Mrs. Katie Riser made information before Alderman McMasters on the 22nd of April, charging her husband Samuel Riser, with assault and battery. It appears that Mrs. Riser and Mrs. Hamilton fell out and kept tossed out of the way of the officers until a few days ago when he was arrested and held for a hearing. At the hearing of the hearing the difficulty was struggled by the defendant paying the costs, and after this he and his wife returned to their homeward, seemingly in happy frame of mind.

Sabbath School Convention.—The Second Annual Convention of the Allegheny County Sabbath School Association will be held in the Cumberland Presbyterian church, Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, commencing this evening at seven o'clock, and continuing its sessions throughout Friday. It is expected that Rev. Edward Eggleston, D. D., the eminent author and Sabbath School worker, will take part in the exercises. An excellent programme has been adopted and success is confidently expected.

Mixed.

Geo. Winebrod, water carb, tells Alderman McMasters that John Bell did commit an assault and battery on the said Winebrod on the 23d inst. Then and there the said worm, asserts that Mr. Winebrod of, did steal from him a silver watch, valued at $40. It seems that all the parties concerned in the commotion of the time-piece, and that Bell's "nine points," i. e. "positive proof," to hold good against the united muscle of the Winebrods, the woman, as he alleged, holding him while the man took the watch from his pocket, ran off and ran away with it. It was while this was going on that Bell got on his metal and assaulted the "partners." The latter were held for Court—the Winebrods to answer the charge of larceny, and Bell for assault and battery.

Buried Treasures do no Good.

We like the suggestions of S. M. W. and as one of the members of old "Philo," stand ready to co-operate with others in exhuming its library and in donating it to any of our public institutions where it might contribute to the dissemmination of knowledge among men.—ED.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—During the twenty-one years of the active existence of "Philogracian Society" they have gathered together a valuable library, principally of works of reference. These books have now long lain packed in boxes or cases, inaccessible to all. Would it be received amiss by the surviving members of the association to suggest to them, the donating of their Library to the thrifty and substantial "Merchantzee Library and Mechanics Institute" where it would be of the most object of extending information. I have little doubt, that arrangements could be made by which the collections would be kept together under the title of the "Philo" Library, and thus whilst preserving the memory of the honored society, also, benefit the association.

S. M. W.

Before Alderman Thomas.

W. D. Lewis made information yesterday before Alderman Thomas, charging Michael Terry with assault and battery. Mr. Lewis alleges that Terry beat him severely with his fist, giving him a black eye and knocking him down. A warrant was issued and the defendant arrested. Bail was subsequently entered, and Saturday appointed for a hearing.

Catherine Williams, before the same Alderman, charged Mary McManus with disorderly conduct. She alleges that defendant called her all manner of foul names, and acted in a manner calculated to disturb the public peace. A warrant has been issued.

Anne Killaly also made information, charging Mary Hague with surety of the peace. The defendant is charged with throwing a bucketful of water over the prosecutrix, and making numerous threats, all of which the prosecutrix declares she is afraid the defendant will carry into execution. A warrant was issued, and Mary was arrested and entered bail for a hearing. The parties reside on Fifth avenue extension.

A New Upper Bridge, between Pittsburgh and Birmingham.

A very liberal charter was granted last April by the Legislature, and signed by the Governor, for the building of a new bridge between Pittsburgh and Birmingham, somewhere near the location of Fifth avenue Market House. The corporators intend immediately pushing the work forward with energy. They are now in correspondence with eminent engineers of the East. We have seen the letter from Mr. Roebling, who engages, and will be in the city in a few days, to consult with them on plans, &c., when the objects of the charter will be at once begun. Gen. Geo. B. McClellan also writes them that he may possibly accompany him. It is incalculable the great extent of improvements, amount of business activity and increase in property values that will here ensue from the great thoroughfare that will thus be made of this part of our city. A fair estimate of the practical importance of this location for a bridge will at once indicate to our readers its very great results on property in this section.

Those who are awake to the future will perceive that now is the time to secure real estate in the neighborhood. McIlwaine's section sale of 64 splendid lots on Van Braam, Miltenberger, Forbes and Locust streets, adjoining the new Fifth avenue Market, is their chance. The sale is on the premises next Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. For particulars see his auction advertisement.

RELIGIOUS.

Reformed Presbyterian Synod (O. S.)—Seventh Day's (Wednesday's) Proceedings.

DEVOTIONAL EXERCISES.

Synod met yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. The Moderator being present, Rev. J. Love, the oldest minister present, constituted the court by prayer.

After the calling of the roll, and the reading of the minutes, Synod spent a half hour in devotional exercises,

in which elder Watson, of Utica, Ohio, presided. He introduced the exercises by announcing for praise, Ps. 48, beginning with:

"God is our refuge and our strength,
In straits a present aid."

During the services, Rev. S. O. Wylie, Rev. A. J. McFarland, and elder D. Wallace were employed.

During these exercises, special and earnest prayer was offered for divine direction in the prayer was offered for the two Foreign Missionaries elect, and for the laborers now in the field—and for the revival of religion.

REPORTS.

Dr. Sproull, chairman, read the report of the Committee of Discipline. In reference to the memorial concerning the case of Mr. Scott, former pastor of the congregation of Princeton, the committee recommend, *no action.*

FINANCE.

Rev. S. Bowden, Chairman, read the report of the Committee on Finance.

For the following schemes of the same name the Committee recommended these sums: viz for

Church Extensions	$3,000
Education	1,500
Theological Seminary	3,000
Synodical Incidents	3,000
Foreign Missions	8,000
Domestic Missions	5,000

He was proceeding to amend the report by asking, for the Board of Education, $2,000. The motion was laid on the table until after the report of the Board of Education be disposed of.

Rev. Dr. Sproull said that Rev. Mr. Morton, delegate from the Synod of the same name with our own, and recently in session in Philadelphia, is present. Synod ordered that the hearing of the delegate be the order of the day for 2 P. M.

THE FOREIGN MISSION.

The election of two additional missionaries for Syria being in order, Rev. S. O. Wylie said he did not disparage the names of any of the licentiates or students of Theology. I know them and esteem them; yet it is unfortunate that they have been named as candidates. We should have unity of action if possible. But two of them have not finished their studies. None of them have been tried. They have not proved what they can do. The Board elect the two pastors, previously named, because they are tried.

The speaker here reviewed the action of Synod and the Board of Missions in former years, showing that the voice of the Redeemer was always indicated after Synod had elected. Missionaries, and he argued that it would be so again, if these two candidates be now appointed.

Prof. Sloan said these two candidates are well known to be well qualified. They are the complement, the one of the other. Let Synod their election now, rather than by ballot.

Rev. Dr. Sproull again argued against Synod's removing the pastor of Sterling congregation.

Synod then proceeded to the election by ballot, three or four others besides the two named by the Board being nominated. The ballot resulted in the almost unanimous election of Rev. S. R. Galbreath and Rev. R. J. Greer.

On motion, the election was, by a rising vote, declared unanimous.

A special Committee, Rev. Carlisle, Chairman, was appointed to confer with the missionaries elect as to their acceptance of the appointment.

DOMESTIC MISSIONS.

That part of the report which recommends the appointment of a missionary to explore the field in California and Oregon and the organization of a new southern mission was then taken up.

Rev. A. J. Milligan, who had been appointed by the Board for the purpose, presented the claims for the Western and Southern field. This he did in a speech. The West is filling up very rapidly. Colonies are being organized everywhere. The first impression is that the people stand in the way of gaining possession of society, is like that made in wax—permanent. This he illustrated from the early settlement of New York and Pennsylvania. It is important that the west be impressed by Covenanters. God, in his providence, is saying, "what thou canst do quickly." Our sons and brothers are going West. And, not that I love the Foreign Mission less, but we must put more effort for the wide West. The cry from many now there, is:—"come over and help us."

The speaker was sometimes ready to go out into the wide world. We preach to narrow walls. These brethren we might call Pioneers. Against this decision of Presbytery, the old or first Congregation (now Rev. Wilson's, appealed.

After the reading of extracts from the Presbytery's minutes in the case, the parties were heard; first, those who took appeals, complainants. Viz: Messrs. Morton, Martin, and McKinney. Then the respondents, viz: Messrs. Gregg, Alexander, and Anderson. Expenses having been made on both sides, a motion was made that the appeal be *sustained.*

After a few remarks the motion was carried by a large majority.

Synod then adjourned to meet this morning at nine o'clock. It is expected that business will be finished to-day, and the court be adjourned.

THE FATAL LIST.

Coroner's Monthly Report for May.

The following is the record of inquests held by Coroner West during the month of May:

May 1st. Samuel P. Blanchard, heart disease.
" 4th. Robert Stevenson, heart disease.
" 4th. Wm. McGraw, heart disease.
" 8th. Unknown female child, found dead in Fifth st. E. Church.
" 10th. John Eilowine, hemorage of lungs.
" 12th. William Crawford, drowned in Monongahela River.
" 13th. Henry South, congestion of the brain, superinduced by intemperance.
" 15th. Robert Bateson, falling out of the third story window of the Poor House, while insane.
" 16th. John McKinney, falling over an embankment causing asphyxia.
" 16th. J. J. Barnes, thrown from a wagon
" 18th. John Roth, falling under cart wheels and receiving fatal internal injuries.
" 18th. Joseph Schup, caring in of an embankment.
" 18th. John McGready, killed on Pan Handle Railroad, by the freight train being thrown from the track.
" 19th. Wilson L. Edwards, run over by a freight train, which, considering deoration day was not very arduous.
" 22d. Christian Gedekop, run over by a street car in South Pittsburgh.
" 22d. John Shoen, fell over pair of stairs
" 23d. Jas. Hudity, hemorrhage of lungs.
" 23d. Geo. C. Hill, accident discharge of pistol.
" 23d. Wm. Sheppard, drowned in Monongahela.
" 28th. James Black, run over by Brinton freight train.
" 27th. Mrs. Sarah Whobler, heart disease.
" 28th. James Pattibone, falling into oil tank and smothering.
" 28th. Frank Able, fell heavily over a wheelbarrow, receiving fatal internal injuries.

Total—25.

REGISTER'S OFFICE.

Business During the Month of May.

The following is a statement of the business at the Register's office for the past month:

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

Deceased.	Administrators.	Bond.
Adam Heifer	August Ammon	$ 500
Z Wainwright	E Wainwright	150,000
Hannah Braidhead	John Robertson	4,000
Julius Mueller	C. M. Snyder	100
John Crowther	Benj. Crowther	1,000
Synod thereof	Wm. Stinson	22,000
John W Jarvine	G. D. Tindle	10,000
Jane Sands, c. t. a.	R. W. Patterson	100
Samuel Richardson	Wm. Richardson	800
T. Hartford, d. b. n. c. t. a.	G. B. Logan	25,000
Henry Mellon	Bridget Mellon	2,000
Thomas Reynolds	H. Reynolds	1,000
Manus McCloskey	Mrs. M. McCloskey	1,000
Clementina Short	M. McCloskey	35,000
Leonard S. Johns	C. M. Johns	18,000
Robert Waters	James Irwin	500
Wm Shaw, c. t. a.	Sarah Waters	4,000
Mary E. Horning	D. S. Williams	600
David S. McKee	John Horning	2,000
Mrs. J. Thompson, c. t. a.	John A. McKee	3,000
David Lewis	A. M. McClintock	800
Frank Abel	J. Barlay	20,000
	Wm Thomas	2,000
	Martin Abel	

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Deceased.	Executors.
J. Immikers	Francis Immikers.
John Wilkinson	Charles J. Wade.
Martha J. Brawdy	John H. McBroy.
John Wilson	W. C. Moreland, Esq.
Adam Wilson	Margaret Wilson.
William Reeves	Harriett B. Logan.
John Johnson	Arabelle Reeves.
John R. Taylor	Charles B. Johnson
John Harper	Benj. H. Johnson.
Ann M. Strewfer	Martha B. Taylor.
Margaret Piquet	Joseph Harper.
Jennie Easton	Bernard Grever.
	George Fox.
	Wentworth Wilson.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGES STERRETT AND STOWE.

The argument list still engages the attention of the court here.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE HAMPTON.

The first case taken up this morning was that of A. J. McCray vs. owners of Steamboat Park Painter. Action to recover damages for injury damaged by the steamer Painter. Non suit was entered against the plaintiff.

The next case called was that of Julius K. Bacon vs. Lorillard Fire Insurance Company of New York. Action to recover for loss or insurance on dry good store burned in Birmingham. On trial.

On motion of J. M. Gazzam, Esq., Jared Dunbar of Steubenville, was admitted to practice in this court.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

165. McKee for use vs. Gillespie & Mitchell.
87. The Stolberg and Westphalia Mining Association vs. J. Schoonmaker & Son.
190. Hartje vs. Hoffman.
19. McNulty vs. Jacobs.
20. Crow vs. Sturgeon Brothers.
72. City of Pittsburgh vs. Harrison.
143. McLaughlin vs. O'Rourke, et. al.
161. (O. L.) Rehne vs. Jones & McLaughlin.
162. Daniel vs. same.

South Pittsburgh Council.

The borough Council of south Pittsburgh held a regular monthly meeting last night

Members present—messrs Brown, Cassiday, Moorhead and Kerr, and Burgess Hamilton in the chair.

The clerk read the minutes of the previous meeting, which were approved.

The street expenses for the month of April amounted to $283.70; the gas bills for street lamps to $171.25 and the police and miscellaneous bills to $111.50. Warrants were ordered for the several amounts.

Mr. Moorhead from the Finance committee reported that the committee had examined the list of tax-exonerations and found them correct. On motion the exonerations were allowed.

On motion adjourned, to meet on Tuesday evening next, in order to receive and open the bids for erecting of the engine house.

Go to Urling, Follansbee & Co.'s corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street for all the latest styles of clothing, the neatest fits and the most reasonable prices—only one price for all goods—no reductions. Large sales and small profits enable them to adhere to this custom. You will find everything you want to fill out your wardrobe in the best style.

Flowers for Decoration day at Murdoch's 112 Smithfield st. 4

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Departure for Europe of Allegheny Commandery—The Procession to the Depot—Address of Sir Knight James H. Hopkins—A Word About the Excursion—A Tour of England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, France and Other Countries—Historic Scenes and Classic Grounds.

Many months ago a number of the Sir Knights of Allegheny Commandery No. 18, Knights Templar, projected a tour of Europe this summer. At that time it was suggested that if an excursion party were organized the expense of the trip might be greatly reduced. It was further suggested that if the party were composed entirely of Knights Templar, who could go thoroughly equipped, and prepared to visit Commanderies of a similar character in Europe, it could not but have a good effect on the entire order both at home and abroad. In order to accomplish this object the Allegheny Commandery, at its regular meeting last September, passed a resolution "permitting any number of its members, who designed a visit to Europe, to use the Commandery name, organization, equipments, banners, &c., and to have such substitute to fill the stations of any of the officers who did not accompany the party." Under this resolution the excursion party, which departed last evening, was organized.

The Recorder of the Commandery, Sir Knight E. M. Jenkins, has been opened a correspondence with a number of parties in relation to the proposed tour. Among those who Johnston have been elected professors, each with co-ordinate power in the faculty; that the institution is free from debt; raised the endowment of the church to the claims of the Female Seminary, and liberal contributions for the education and support of the beneficiary students, the number of which the Board desires greatly to increase.

On the question of the adoption of the report, Professor Sloan made remarks at some length. He said: A school of this kind is an absolute necessity. We have now the utmost confidence in the members of the faculty, and whatever may have been the condition or the history of the institution in time past, it is now an established fact that it will go forward. We need students for the Theological Seminary. We have no other school of the kind. This is now fully established, and I hope we will cordially respond to the request of the Board for liberal contributions.

Recently special attention has been given to the department of language, and the President is doing all possible to elevate the standard of literature.

Rev. H. H. George said he had a very lively interest in this subject. As the Covenant has been the graveyard of many a bone of contention in the church, he hoped there would be no more contention as to the Institution at Northwood. Last year there was a growing interest in the school. The Board resolved to work for its highest good. What more could be done. They issued a circular asking funds. In one week one man sent one hundred dollars.

Between the parties, where formerly there was alienation or strife, there is harmony.

Young ladies are taking an active part. We find this the place to receive it. All their interests will be watched over. The Seminary has in the faculty men of the first order.

We come to Synod not as beggars, but to lay the machine on Synod's floor, in running order, and let it run. Pay for the oil, and we will educate them for their work. The Seminary is for our beneficiaries, and we will educate them and manage the institution. Moreover, the Theological Seminary has two in importance, only a little below it. The seminary must be filled up. Give us the help we need, if we are to fill the field as it should be filled up.

The Report was then adopted unanimously.

By its adoption, and by the subsequent election of Synod, the following officers were added to the Board of Trustees, viz: Rev. S. Sterritt, of Cedarville, Ohio; Rev. J. French, of Michigan; David Reid, of Bellefontaine, Ohio, and D. Gamble, of Indiana.

Rev. Dr. Sproul, chairman of the Committee on

DISCIPLINE,

read the report.

Rev. R. Wylie hoped that since Synod had now engaged in covenanting, nothing would be brought before the Court that would call out angry discussion. The first section of the matters of discipline contained in the report, would suffer by lying over until next meeting.

Dr. Sloane replied, that if we could have settled them *before* covenanting, much more easily can we settle them *after.*

A CHURCH PROPERTY DISCUSSION.

Item number two of the report was an appeal of the Allegheny Congregation against a decision of Pittsburgh Congregation, that a decision of the church property of said congregation. A new Congregation—now called the Central—had withdrawn from the latter the old name after the election of Rev. D. B. Wilson as pastor. The new Congregation, at the time the grant of it was made, was worshiping in the Union of the church property on Sandusky street. Presbytery did not grant the petition but resolved to refer the decision to Trustees. Against this decision of Presbytery, the old or first Congregation (now Rev. Wilson's, appealed.

After the reading of extracts from the Presbytery's minutes in the case, the parties were heard; first, those who took appeals, complainants. Viz: Messrs. Morton, Martin, and McKinney. Then the respondents, viz: Messrs. Gregg, Alexander, and Anderson. Expenses having been made on both sides, a motion was made that the appeal be *sustained.*

After a few remarks the motion was carried by a large majority.

Synod then adjourned to meet this morning at nine o'clock. It is expected that business will be finished to-day, and the court be adjourned.

BREVITIES.

MERCURY high up.

DOGS are numerous.

ANOTHER warm day.

SMALL-POX in Allegheny.

GOD SPEED to the Templars.

CLEAN the streets and alleys.

REFRESHING—yesterday's shower.

BASE BALL at the Park yesterday.

THE Grand Jury meets on Monday.

THE next sensation—Fourth of July.

MAD dogs are to be expected just now.

WHY DON'T somebody row with Scharff?

GEN. MEADE reviewed Pittsburgh yesterday.

EXCITEMENT in Monday circles yesterday.

WREATHS, flags and flowers are still to be seen.

VISITORS, for Decoration Day, are leaving town.

GENERAL MEADE left for Philadelphia yesterday.

PROCESSIONISTS not so lively yesterday morning.

ONLY two feet six inches of water in the channels.

FIRE-CRACKERS are already in the hands of the boys.

STREET car conductors were not so busy yesterday.

THE Road Committee will meet on Friday at 2½ P. M.

J. W. DALZELL, Esq., has returned from the oil regions.

MICHAEL Quinglefoot was imbibed during the two past days.

THE Survey Committee will meet on Saturday at 2 P. M.

NEWSBOYS happy with a rush of trade yesterday morning.

FLITTING to country resorts is now the order of the day.

THE Road Committee will meet on Thursday at 7½ P. M.

MONDAY next, Mr. McGregor will commence to pay Pensions.

THE raspberry and blackberry crops will be very large this season.

THE COUNTRY PEOPLE are beginning to get excited on political matters.

JUNE "schnapps" is now in fashion, May wine having gone out of date.

SMALL-POX is one of the chief subjects of fashionable conversation now.

MAJOR WM. FREW has returned from his brief visit to Washington, D. C.

A NEW crossing is being put down at Penn avenue and Twenty-third street.

IS HI SAMPLE, Esq., a candidate for the Legislature? We want to know.

THE KNIGHT TEMPLARS made a fine appearance in their procession yesterday.

H. BUCHER SWOOPE is to prosecute the charges against the Commissioners.

ISAIAH DICKEY, Esq., is one of our oldest and most highly respected merchants.

GENERAL MEADE is much more gray than when he fought the battle of Gettysburg.

THE wholesale dry goods houses are closed this day till 9 A. M., until September.

A HIRDY girdy Snake Show, is in full blast on the corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street.

MESSRS. JOHN A. WARDEN and E. OXBARD have associated together in the oil brokerage business.

DECORATION DAY was appropriately celebrated in Braddock's church, in South Fayette township.

WE notice several private residences in the City closed, the owners having gone in search of a cool spot.

THE HEATH ZOUAVES headed the Templar procession yesterday, and as usual did some fine marching.

THIS neighborhood has reason to feel proud of the fine body of men contained in the Knights Templar.

SUNSTROKES were not numerous on Tuesday, but yesterday although there were several cases of them.

JOHN FISHER, Esq., one of our prominent oil producers, left with the Sir Knights, on their tour through Europe.

GRAND JURY meets next Monday. The charges against Commissioners will have their investigation.

M. SWARTZWELDER, W. D. Moore, and Wm. Reardon will defend the Commissioners at the approaching June term.

D. L. FLEMING, Esq., has returned from his recent trip to Iowa, where he had gone for the benefit of his health.

THE Band of Music engaged by the Sir Knights, for their tour through Europe, will be composed of the Allegheny police force, commanded by Captain Long; Lieutenant A. Heath Zouaves, Captain M. Batchelor commanding; Union Cornet Band; Pittsburgh Cornet Band. The party will be in full uniform. In the ranks were three standard bearers, carrying various beautiful banners, upon which were inscribed the emblems and devices peculiar to the order. Great Western Band, Allegheny Commandery No. 58. The Knights Templar, emblems and inscriptions were also to be seen in this body. The chief emblem of the order—the cross—and the motto "In hoc signo vinces"—were conspicuously inscribed upon the banners and paraphernalia of the Sir Knights.

Following the procession were four wagons heavily laden with the baggage of the European tourists.

The following programme of the route of procession was observed: From the hall in Allegheny Diamond to Ohio street, thence to Federal, and Federal and across Suspension bridge to Market, Market to Fifth avenue, Fifth avenue to Wood street, Wood street to Sixth avenue, thence to Smithfield street, thence to Seventh avenue, to Grant street, and along Grant to Union Depot.

THE DEPOT—"GOOD BYE."

Upon arriving at the Depot, the Commanderies were halted near the east end of the building preparatory to the formal leave-taking, to be spread the "Crusaders" of the Sir Knights who remain behind. Sir Knight James H. Hopkins, of Pittsburgh Commandery, then stepped forward, and, in behalf of said body, spoke as follows:

ADDRESS OF SIR KNIGHT HOPKINS.

SIR KNIGHTS: The members of Pittsburgh Commandery, in departing, extend their fraternal regard, and of showing that consideration which is due to you and the occasion, have turned out in large numbers on the commencement of your journey. But here they must say good-bye, and in their name and on their behalf I give you an affectionate farewell God speed.

We are aware of the numerous difficulties and discouragements you have encountered in organizing your expedition, and we recognize in this the strong and determined energy which overcame all obstacles and perfected all your plans. The character of your excursion has made it a matter of more than usual interest and a fit subject for history. Wherever you go, you will be the recognized representatives of American Knighthood, and we feel assured you will exemplify by your words and acts that manly bearing that moral heroism, that high sense of honor which is the lively sense of individual honor which constitute the essence and adornment of all true Knighthood.

You may not reach the Holy Land where the founders of our illustrious order first unfurled its banner, but the imperishable deeds of marvelous brilliancy as have left a luminous track through the long lapse of succeeding centuries. But you will visit the tombs of many of the valliant and immortal; you will stand where brave old De Nolay perished in the midst his martyrdom. The million hearted Richard lived; where Bayard the Knight, without fear and without reproach, left the imprint of his glorious life; the Coeur de Lion's Heroic Spirit, amidst all these and kindred scenes you will learn anew the sublime teachings of our noble order.

And whatever of pleasures you may enjoy, and of honors you may receive, we will be participants; for you are part of us, and dear to us by tenderest ties. Allegheny Commandery is the offspring of Pittsburgh Commandery—her last born youngest child, and as such will be watched after with more than paternal care and affection. Rest assured Pilgrim Knights that through all your wanderings you will be followed by anxious eyes and loving hearts, and through all your toils this consciousness will span the restless and ever heaving sea with a mystic current, along which will flow the electric tide of love, affection, with more unerring certainty than the Atlantic cable beneath the waves.

Every night our prayers will be for a benediction, and now these assembled Knights, with one voice, pray that clear skies, and smooth seas and favoring winds may take you hence and home again; and that the All-Father may preserve you from every harm. To each and all we say, earnestly and sadly, God bless you and good bye.

A "GOOD-BYE" ALL ROUND.

At the conclusion of the remarks of Sir Knight Hopkins the Crusaders broke ranks, when the members of the two bodies mingled together for the purpose of a general hand-shaking. Expressions of regret at this manner, during which were often repeated the expressions, "Good-by," and "God bless you." The hour of starting being announced as near at hand, those who were to go boarded the train, when, at 6:06 P. M., the signal was given and the cars moved slowly away. Those who remained waved a tearful adieu, and, as the train receded from view, they turned their faces homeward.

GEN. MEADE.

His Movements Yesterday—His Departure for Philadelphia.

Owing to the unfavorable state of the weather yesterday, Gen. Meade was prevented from visiting our workshops, manufactories and other places of interest to strangers. In the afternoon, accompanied by Mayor Brush, Gen. Pearson and Major Moreland, the Gen. paid a visit to Allegheny Arsenal, where the party were agreeably entertained for an hour or two by Gen. Whitely, the commandant. Allegheny Cemetery was next visited, where, after viewing many of the beautiful burial lots and monuments, the party were conducted to the house of Mr. John Chislett. Here they devoted twenty minutes or more to refreshments, after which the General returned to the hotel. Last evening at six o'clock he embarked for Philadelphia on the train taken by the Knights Templar. He expresses himself as highly pleased with Pittsburgh and the people here—so much so, that he proposes to pay us another visit during the present summer. On that occasion he will make a tour of the oil regions.

Ayer's Latin School.

The ninth monthly examination will be held to-morrow Friday, June 2nd, commencing at 9 A. M.

The rank of each pupil will be read and prizes given. Friends and patrons are invited to be present. Examining Committee—Rev. W. A. Herron, Esq., H. Brady Wilkins, Esq., T. H. R. Patterson, Esq.

The Messiah.

Notice.—Owing to the extreme heat of the weather and the lateness of the season, it has been deemed best by the Executive Board of the Cantata Society to postpone the performance of the Oratorio of the Messiah, advertised for Tuesday next, until early next season.

R. E. BREED, President.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Bonds Stock and Mortgages bought and sold by George R. Hill, corner of Wood street and Third avenue. tf.

AUCTION SALES.

LOTS, LOTS, AT WOODS' RUN. WOODS' RUN.

ON FRIDAY, JUNE 2d,

At 2 o'clock, will be sold on the premises of M. H. McKee, a number of Wood's Run, building lots of various sizes, from 25x100, to 50x150 feet.

Terms to suit purchasers. Plans will be shown on the ground. Title perfect. Deed at cost. For further particulars apply to

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PITTSBURGH, May 1, 1871. may24:TH:TUST

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—Books for Subscription to the Capital Stock of the PLATE GLASS INSURANCE CO. will be opened on and after MONDAY, June 5, at No. 60 Smithfield street, Room 2. may22:s84

NOTICE.

The books for subscription to the Capital Stock of the LOAN BANK OF PITTSBURGH, will be open on and after MONDAY, June 5th, at 66 Smithfield street, Room 2. may22:s86

TO FRIENDS OF DECEASED SOLDIERS.—The friends of soldiers who enlisted from the county (whether in the Pennsylvania or other State regiments,) who were killed in the late war, or who died from wounds received or disease contracted in the war, are requested to send their names, company and regiment to be attached, and date of death, to A. L. PEARSON.

may20:s88-D&T 64 Grant street, Pittsburgh.

OFFICERS, SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES who want the 160 ACRES OF HOMESTEAD LAND, or full information respecting the same, should purchase "HOMES IN THE WEST," a complete book of over 100 pages, published by R. F. BROWN, Pittsburgh, Pa. It contains something of interest to all who served in the army or navy during the late war, and gives a description of Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska and other States and Territories in the West; also the exemption laws, &c., &c. Price 50 cents. For sale at Room 24, 139 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, or sent to any address on receipt of price and stamp.

Address B. F. BROWN, Pittsburgh, Pa.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson,

Beg to inform their friends, patients and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they have been compelled to change the location of their branch office in this city, and in future are to be found at their old stand, No. 1623 Order, at

1623 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just Published: PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PREMATURE DECAY, being a synopsis of a lecture delivered at the Great Institute of Anatomy, NO7 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on Self-Preservation, illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting and important work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, stamps. Address

DRS. JORDAN & DAVIESON,
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VALUABLE PROPERTY—The Western Theological Seminary offers for Sale LOTS on LINCOLN AVENUE, Allegheny, on the Reservoir Hill, and Deed and part of the Beatty Hall property. The object is to raise funds to build a Fire-Proof Library. Proposals received at No. 92 Third avenue, Pittsburgh.

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